#### BEREA PUBLISHING CO. INCORPORATED J. P. FAULKNER, Manager

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# THE CITIZEN

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People

Knowledge is power-and the way to keep up with modern knowledge is to read a good newspaper.

Vol. XIII.

Five cents a copy

BEREA MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, AUGUST 17, 1911

One Dollar a year.

No. 7

## GOOD SHOES GOOD SERVICE

Once you get an idea of DOUGLAS SHOES quality and service we confidently count on your return for more. DOUGLAS SHOES are better because they are better made. There is polish and refinement to them. When a customer wants real character in his shoes it is a satisfaction to show him DOUG-LAS SHOES. We have opened up our fall line and have them in all the newest styles.

## R. R. COYLE

Louisville Herald Loses Plant by Fire

-To Try Again for Commission

Government - Conference on Pel-

lagra - O'Rear Makes a Strong

HERALD'S HOME DESTROYED

The plant of the Louisville Herald

was completely destroyed by fire last

Friday morning. The fire did not

start till the paper was out for the

day and the next and succeeding edi-

tions have appeared without inter-

ruption from the press of the Even-

ing Post. The loss was largely cov-

TO TRY AGAIN

A petition with more than two thou

sand names was presented to the

County Judge of Fayette Co., Mon-

day, asking for the calling of an elec-

tion in Lexington to vote on a propo-

sition to establish a Commissior form

of Government for the city. It will

be remembered that the vote was ad-

verse last fall. The election will be

PELLAGRA CONFERENCE

State Board of Health and physicians

was held at Corbin, the 9th, to take

ing at such an alarming rate. Sev-

eral afflicted with the disease were

was made. The cause of the malady

is not yet known, but it is possibly

due to poor food and unsanitary con-

ditions. The recommendation of the

There are now 70 cases of the disease

OPENS CAMPAIGN

campaign at Elizabethtown, Monday,

in a great speech before a large audi-

ence. He gave a masterly defence of

his course in not resigning from the

Bench and also of his remarks in the

(Continued on fourth page)

Judge O'Rear opened the Republican

in the asylums of the state.

ered by insurance.

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#### CROWDED OUT

Many excellent articles are crowded conference is that strict sanitary at this week but will appear in fu- measures be adopted everywhere.



BOONE TAVERN

#### A PLEASANT RECEPTION

On Thursday last, Mrs. Roberts, wife of Dr. B. H. Roberts, the new Pastor of the Union Church joined her husband in Berea. Her husband had entered upon his duties July 1. The Woman's Christian Association of the church arranged for an important reception at Boone Tavern, from 7:30 to 9:00, on the evening of Friday, the 11th. Those in the receiving line, assisting the Pastor and his wife, were Dr. A. E. Thomson, the former Pastor, Mrs. Thomson, Prof. L. V. Dodge, Chairman of the committee on mendation of the new pastor, and Mrs. Dodge, President of the Woman's Christian Association. Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Taylor had done everything possible to make the spacious parlor and halls of the Tavern inviting. The weather was almost torrid, but the effect was largely neutralized by the delicious punch which was bountifully served. It was a large and pleasant gathering, an auspicious opening for the new pastorate.

#### "COME TO BOOKS"

"Come to books!" It was in the days before school houses were equipped with bells and before the district could even afford a hand bell for the teacher. So it was the teacher's stentorian call, "Come to books!" that broke in upon the hours of play and turned the busy idlers back to hard benches and fitful periods of study.

It was an expressive call-welcome, most welcome after the many weeks of grubbing, cutting briars, plowing and hoeing; welcome after the later and shorter period of fodder pulling; sometimes unwelcome when it put an abrupt end to an interesting game that we hoped to win. Who has not engaged the teacher in the game with the sole purpose of enlisting his interest and getting a postponement of the inevitable call, "Books! Come to books!"

What memories the words awaken! How we love to linger over them now that they are only memories! And what significance in the call—unthought of, never dreamed of significance! Books—a call to books. What if we had not heard it, or had not heeded it! We shudder at the thought. What would we have been; where would

Two years ago we were in a store awaiting our turn to make a simple purchase. Soon there was just one ahead of us, a tall young man not yet beyond his teens.

"What can I do for you?" said the merchant, addressing him. "I want some 'terbacker'," was the response.

"How much?" asked the merchant.

"Fifty cents wuth," replied the boy.

The tobacco was handed him and he passed the merchant a check

"Pay to - One dollar and thirty-five cents for a pig," read the merchant.

"I didn't want you ter read it out," plead the boy.

"Why not?"

"Kaze I didn't want these people ter know that I wuz spendin' my pig money fur terbacker." 'It can't be helped now," said the merchant, and "You'll have to

sign your name across the back of the check, here.'

"Kaint sign my name," said the boy.
"You mean that you can't write? Have you never been to school? Why don't you go yet?" asked the merchant.

"Don't want to," ignoring all but the last question. "It wouldn't hurt you a bit," interposed an intelligent looking boy sitting close by.

'Shucks! I wouldn't go to school if my way was paid," said the boy of the pig and tobacco, and he walked out of the store.

Walked out of the store and where is he; what is he? Lostforever and hopelessly lost in a big, beautiful and wonderful world about which he knows nothing-can never know anything. His view is limited in one direction by the pig, and in the other by a little to-bacco. That is the extent of his horizon and will continue to be because he never heeded the call to books. And that is what we would have been-where we would have been, if we had not responded to

"Books! Come to Books!" The call is more persistent, more imperative than ever. Nearly a million public schools are sounding it and soon the high schools, colleges and universities will join in the chorus-"Come to books!"

The call to books is the call to the solool, and the call to the school is the call to the farm, to the plane and the saw, to the range and the sewing machine, to a business career, to official position; for the new road to the farm and work-bench is thru the college, the highway to fireside happiness and thrift is thru the school of Domestic Science, the open door to a business career or official position is the school door. It was not always so, but "old things have passed away and all things have become new."

Come to books!

#### "I Would Do It Again"

So Says One Who Faced All the Obstacles in the Way of a College Education—An Argument that Ought to Start Thousands on Their Way Thru Academy and College.

September will soon be here—the young men and women are debating A conference of members of the time when all our schools and colleges the question, "Shall I go to school

open their doors. Already the teach- next year?" ers, who have been in many parts of The settlement of this question inmeasures to prevent the spread of the country gathering material for volves much-so much that it cannot Pellagra which seems to be increas- another year's work, are coming in, be passed upon in a moment. Every



PROF. SEALE and the students, too, are thinking, "only one month more of vacation." At this time, also, thousands of

young person should give it most careful consideration.

What are some of the things that keep one away from school?

"Too old," is the cry of some They have been at work, perhaps, and have allowed the years from 15 to 25 to pass without going to school, and now there is the feeling that it is too late. There is nothing left for them to do but to go on as they are.

A young man has a position paymonths longer and he will increase his salary to \$50.00 per month.

parents are poor, the crops are to be Continued on last page.

## Be Safe—Not Sorry

Per Cent is the limit of what can be paid by a bank and conduct its business on lines of the strictest conservatism. In short, it is the rate that is consistent with absolute safety.

There are many schemes and seemingly attractive investments that offer more but with every added per cent. comes an added risk, and why should you take any risk when you are investing the net results of your labor and economy.

A man who loses his savings thus acquired, usually quits saving from discouragement. "Better be safe than sorry" is a good maxim to observe in choosing a place for investment.

We pay 4 per cent - the safe rate.

### Berea Bank & Trust Co.

OFFICERS

J. W. Stephens, Vice-Pres.

John F. Dean, Cashier

**Another Mysterious Fire** 

#### J. M. Coyle's Store and Residence Destroyed-Estimated Losses.

to be awakened, and quickly gave about \$75. the alarm both to her own family and Although the fire department was Dr. Bert Cornelius, who had apart- late in arriving they did most valiant ments over the store.

ture was in flames and still it was looked as if the Racket Store to the aroused and the fire department was of Mrs. Early's stock was removed. on the scene, so that all the house- but no damage was done. hold effects of Mr. and Mrs. Coyle goods greatly damaged. The goods He is said to have about \$700 insurwere mostly removed from the build- ance on it. ing but the damage on them will pos-

About 11:30 last night fire was dis- | was valued at \$2,500 and household covered in the rear of Mr. J. M. gords, \$500. Mr. Coyle held insurance Coyle's store building. The building to the amount of \$1,500 on his goods is also occupied by Mr. Coyle as a and \$200 on his household furniture. residence. Mrs. Coyle was the first | Or. Cornelius' loss is estimated at

service and succeeded in putting out At the time of the discovery of the the flames when the building was fire the entire back end of the struc- about half consumed. For a time it some time before the town could be north on Main St. would go and some

The building destroyed was owned were destroyed and their stock of by Mr. J. B. Richardson, of Big Hill,

The origin of the fire is not known, sirly amount to \$1,000. The stock but it was possibly due to a defective

#### HOW TO EARN SID A DAY

Most boys would be willing to work for much less than \$10 a day. The fact is that few of them expect ever to get such a sum for a day's work. They all expect to work, and many of them are anxious for the school days to pass so they can get at it. Some boys actually stop school to work for 50 to 75 cents a day, or even less, and think they are lucky, never



NEW POWER PLANT

day at school. Let us see what it is, by subtracting the earnings of a lifetime of uneducated labor from those ing him forty dollars per month and of a lifetime of educated labor. Now, his employer tells him to stay six if we suppose that the ignorant laborer gets \$1.50 a day and that be works 300 days in the year for forty Another is needed at home. His years we shall have the earnings of a lifetime of ignorant labor, or \$1.50

-Statehood Bill Goes Down Under Veto - Last of Maine's Stalwarts Dies-Commons Win.

CONFEREES AGREE

Last week there was doubt as to the agreement of the conferees on the stopping to think of the value of a three tariff measures and it was suggested that the President might not be called upon to exercise the veto power, but both the members of the are proving good at compromising and all three of the measures will likely be before the President before the end of the week, and, altho a poll of the editors of the country by the Chicago Tribune shows a majority in favor of his signing the bills, it is generally understood that he will veto

[Continued on last page]

#### THE HIGHER APPEAL

Not to Prepare for "Soft Snaps" but for Service is the Aim of the School

Easier work, shorter hours, better pay, are common arguments for going to school. What else would make It is plain that we can come at it a person shut himself up with his books for long months and years! A teacher is better paid than a hod carrier; a banker works less and gets more than a day laborer; an educated man has the advantage over his unschooled brother.

Many a boy goes to school to get out of work, hoping to get a "soft snap" some day and make an easy living. A good school has little room for such boys. When a young fellow is freed from work that his brothers and sisters must continue at home he should feel that he is going to school as a delegate, that his good fortune is not to be used for his own good alone. Not only his family but the neighborhood is for a time robbed of his labor. He is to make amends some day.

A school that does not have teachers with high ideals and enthusiasm for their work is likely to chill the unselfish ambition of its most promising pupils. A school with the best teachers will arouse to better motives many a selfish and exclusive bookworm. The contagious spirit of a good school makes a happy and studious body of students.

The boy or girl who comes to Berea with a serious purpose will find himself or herself in the happy majority of those students whose grades are good, whose aims are unselfish, and whose friendship will be a never failing encouragement.

The happiest couples in the world are the ones who buy their Furniture at Welch's. We have the best looking line of Furniture, Rugs, Carpet and Wall Paper in Madison County.

WELCH'S "and Save the Difference"

### The Citizen

A family newspaper for all that is right true and interesting.

Published every Thursday at Beres, Ky.

BEREA PUBLISHING CO. (Incorporated)

J. P. Faulkner, Editor and Manager.

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With a microbe in every kiss how many narrow escapes do you suppose you have had?

Was it not lucky that the dear women got rid of their rats before the hot wave came along?

Some people do not believe in vacations. They needn't go to the school

bey for sympathy. With the wider use of bubbly foun-

drink like a horse.

A boy does not regard it as a bard ship to have to take swimming lessons during his vacation.

No objection can be raised to the coatless man unless he sheds his good manners with his coat.

They are breaking the bathing records in Boston. Hot weather will drive people to anything.

The fool that rocks the beat is with

as in summertime, but the fool that speeds his auto is with us always. All society is now divided into two

parts-those who have and these who have not been up in an aeropiane. One of the troubles about fly swat

ting is that where one fly is swatted two more appear to plague the swat-A newspaper devotes a page of type

and pictures to showing hew to man age a canoe. There is only one way A Philadelphia man has just sold his automobile to get money to buy a

Just to be different, we sume. What has become of all our Ameri can aviators? The foreign airmen are

winning all the prizes and breaking One weather expert says the world

is growing warmer, but he listens in vain for applause. Bring on the prophet who says the world is growing colder. A man in California, saved from

Hence, it is fair to conclude that no life of value to the world was saved A good many of our eftizens are anxious to know whether the com-

drowning, gave a dime to his rescuer

plexion of the Panama canal will have any effect upon the price of Panama Surgery has restored his reason to

an insane man. Surgery does many wonderful things, but it has not reached the point whence it can restore his money to a bankrupt.

One of the professors has been developing new kinds of potato bags in order to prove the theory of evolution. Why not prove the theory with something that might become useful?

A Boston woman started out to de a man's work-but it rained and her back hair came down.

Catching a big fish caused one man to die of excitement. Perhaps you are lucky in that the big fish you book always get away.

Manager Chance has been hit on the head with pitched balls thirty eight times, but that is not what makes him so great a nanager

Some authorities hold that aviators are trespassers except over navigable waters But no one can catch them in the act.

A street car motorman has been arrested in New York for exceeding the and happen to be a coal wagon in the over by J. U. Ehershaker, of North track

A new operatic importation can ring in various languages, but speaks awly Japanese. The accomplishment is of doubtful value, for it is at all times difficult to tell what tongue the grand opera star warbles with

### TEAM CHOSEN FOR NATIONAL SHOO

KENTUCKY SHOOTERS WIN PLACES AND WILL GO TO CAMP PERRY.

DROUGHT GROWING WORSE

Record of Twenty-Five Years Broker for Long Dry Spell-Water Has to Be "Toted" in Many Instances for Stock and Domestic Use.

Orville Rifle Range.-By the stern rocess of elimination, the whole membership of the Kentucky brigade of infantry has resolved itself into a rifle

team of 15 experts. The men who made good and will go to Camp Perry to try for national

honors, August 21, are: Lieut. Col. A. McLean Moffett, Booneville; Maj. Jackson Morris, Frankfort; Capt. William H. Meadows, Louisville; Capt. James R. Sams, Lexington; Lieut. Col. Felix Kerrick, Louisville; Capt. James H. DeWeese. Louisville; Sergt. Thomas Peyton, Salyersville; Capt. Bolling G. Nelson, Hopkinsville; First Lieut. Frederick W. Staples, Lexington; Sergt. Dexter Hall, Somerset; Capt. Henry W. Rogers, Earlington; Capt. H. Testamon Back, Jackson.

#### SUFFERING FOR WATER

Lexington.-Farmers attending the Blue Grass fair report the drouth in Eastern eKntucky to be the worst in 25 years. Many streams have dried tains nearly everybody will learn to up and water for drinking purposes and to water stock is in many places at a premium.

All chops are so badly scorched that it is believed that less than half the usual yield will result at the harvest. Navigation on the Ohio river has been stopped near Maysville and this and other rivers are in some places lower than since 1881.

the situation is growing worse and there is no rain in sight.

HEAD WIND ALL THE WAY.

Aviator McCurdy Flies Thirty-Six Miles in Kentucky.

Lexington.-J. A. D. McCurdy, the Canadian aviator, flew from the fair ground here to Winchester and return. The flight, 18 miles each way, was made in a biplane. McCurdy bucked a head wind all the way out, but arrived in Winchester 35 minutes after minutes.

#### WILD ONIONS IN WHEAT.

Glasgow.-A number of wheat crops in Southern Kentucky are about to become worthless by wild onions having grown into the wheat lands. Severa of the farmers will dry the wheat thoroughly and attempt to separate the onion seed from the wheat. However, he lost August 12, 1894. He is improvthis is a very tedious task, and it is hardly probable that it can be done successfully. In case the wheat is unfit for bread purposes it will be fed to W. H. Jones, of Glasgow, is about to lose his entire crop of some 300 acres.

#### KICKED BY HORSE.

Glasgow.-Eugene Copass was kick ed by a horse and it is feared internally injured. The young man has been unconscious since the accident and his attending physicians think his condition critical. He was hitching the horse to a buggy when the accident drought has been working havoc on

#### FARMERS SELLING STOCK.

Carlisle.-The heaviest shipments of live stock ever known at the season ore being made from this city. Farmers from Nicholas, Bourbon, Robertson and Bath counties are bringing them here and shipping them to the river markets. The drought is the cause.

#### SHOT IN MELON PATCH.

Franklin.-A young son of Gib Allen. a farmer, was shot and dangerously injured. Young Allen with some playmates had entered the melon patch of a neighbor, and while there the young man was shot in the back by an unknown party.

#### PARIS DENTIST HURT.

Paris .- Dr. Raymond McMillan was found lying by the Paris and Cynthiana pike unconscious and badly bruised about the head and body. It is supposed that his horse took fright with him.

Maysville.-The annual Farmers' institute for Mason county will convene in a two days' session at the court house Tuesday and Wednesday, Auspeed limit. Of course, there did gust 22 and 23, and will be presided Pleasureville, Ky.

Jackson.-Seemingly seeking revenge for testimony given against him much in favor of the new law. Bud Turner, of Quicksand, Breathitt county, led a party of friends in an attack on a railroad camp. At the first exchange Turner was killed and his tainment of their visitors at Mammoth followers fled.

ELEPHANT COULDN'T & KUTTAWA

Kuttawa.-- A ponderous ele & phant peregrinating peacefully at 3 the end of his tether in a Wild & @ West show, became aware of bet- @ hours he threw the people of this & ⊕ got the can fastened on his trunk ⊕ saved in the way of furniture. ⊕ and beat a wild tattoo trying to ⊕ When the fire was discovered @ get it off again.

9999999999999999

#### SIAM SENDS A STUDENT.

Lexington.—The government of Siam has notified Judge Henry S. Barker, president of Kentucky state university, that Nai Tee, a young Siamese, will be sent to the university this Frankfort; First Lieut, D. W. Barrett, fall to matriculate in the college of agriculture and that his expenses will be paid by the government of Siam.

The communication states that the people of Siam are taking up the cultivation of tobacco and that the especial object in sending Nai Tee to the Earlington; Corp. William Phipps, Kentucky university is to study the methods of growing and handling tobacco in this state.

> Nai Tee has just completed a course in the study of cotton production at the University of Mississippi. He will matriculate at Kentucky state university and will probably take the full four years' course in the college of agriculture.

> Siam is the second to send a native to the college of agriculture to make a special study of tobacco culture within the last two years. In the fall of 1909 Johannes Duplessis Oosthuizen, of Pretoria, Transvaal, South Africa, was sent to the college by the govern ment of South Africa, and he is now a junior in that college, his major study being that of tobacco culture.

#### RICHMOND TO HAVE FAIR.

Richmond.-It has been decided to hold a fair in this county. Sheriff David A. McCord has been elected president; Earl Curtis and J. B. Walker vice presidents, and James A. Crutch er, secretary. Arrangements are being planned to offer the biggest premiums ever known here, and every form of exhibitable stock will be on display. The dates set aside for the fair are September 7, 8 and 9.

#### DRAGGED OVER WIRE FENCE.

Elizabethtown.-The feature of the meeting of the Muldraugh Hill Medical society was an address by Dr. Dudleaving here. He came back in 24 ley S. Reynolds, of Louisville, on "Mental Responsibility." The meet ing was presided over by Dr. J. L. At kinson, of Campbellsville, and was largely attended by Louisville and county physicians.

#### JUDGE RECOVERS VOICE.

Vanceburg.-Judge A. who has been seriously ill for two weeks, has recovered his voice, which ing rapidly and is unquestionably the happiest man in Kentucky.

#### SHOT AND KILLED BY FARMER.

Taylorsville.--In the presence of a large crowd John A. Cottrell, a farmer. shot and killed George Peu, his former employe, at the Spencer county fair after a quarrel over money.

Madisonville.-Nothing has caused more rejoicing among the farmers of Hopkins county for months than the heavy downpour of rain. For weeks, excepting some light showers, the corn and tobacco. The blistering sun following short showers caused the crops to fire. The entire county has had a good drenching with prospects of more to follow. Corn and tobacco can safely be predicted the best for years.

Danville .- Mrs. W. C. Grinstead, sister-in-law of former Mayor Grinstead, of Louisville, had a narrow escape from death. Her, horse took fright at an auto and bounded over an embankment. Mrs. Grinstead carried her little granddaughter in her arms. The infant escaped with a few bruises, but Mrs. Grinstead sustained a broken

Maysville.—George Longnecker, who grounds upon the first day. shot and killed George Watson, alias Insko, near Maysville, on the night of June 15, while Watson and his pal, 000 damages through the Equitable from their effects. Trust Co., as guardian.

Mt. Olivet.-The central portion of Robertson has not received the rain that other sections have enjoyed, and at a passing automobile and ran off the crops and pastures seem on the verge of utter destruction.

> Glasgow.-Judge S. E. Jones left for Campton, Wolfe county, where he will big Democratic barbecue to be held preside at a four weeks' term of court. at Blue Lick Springs August 31, are He goes under the new law which authorizes the governor to send the circuit judges to any other district when they are at leisure. The present appointment takes Judge Jones' vaca- Louisville, Covington and some even tion away from him, but he is very from the western part of the state.

Glasgow.-Great preparations are made by the Maccabees for the enter-

#### NEWSPAPER PLANT DESTROYED

Explosion in the Engraving Department of the Louisville Herald Held Responsible For Heavy Dam-

age Loss.

Louisville.-Fire, believed to have been caused by an explosion in the enster foraging outside. For several graving department, completely burned the interior department of the buildplace into abject terror. At the & ing of the Louisville Herald, destroynome of Perschell Clenn the bing the plant. The explosion occurred after all editions had been published, and comparatively few persons were tearing away a section of the fencing, took a fancy to an ice of in the building at the time. All lineno cream freezer, and after extract- types, presses and stereotyping ma ng all the "goodies" therefrom chinery were wrecked, and little was

> When the fire was discovered 15 em ployes were in the building. All of them escaped without injury. Two men, Joseph Hamilton, an engraver, and B. F. Bache, a machinist, were on the upper floors when the first big linotypes tore through the floors to the basement below. Both of these experi enced narrow escapes. Fire Chief Le han and half a dozen of his men had a narrow escape from falling machin-

> The loss, including the damage to the building, will amount to about \$165,000. Pending the completion of the Herald's new building, started several months ago, the Herald will be published from the plant of the Evening Post.

> The fire was the sixteenth destructive blaze visiting Louisville in 36 hours. Local fire losses nave reached close to \$225,000. The fire marshal will conduct an investigation

#### HARD AT WORK.

Farmers Resume Grading on Central Lincoln Road.

Scottsville.-Gravel hauling on the Central Lincoln road which was checked by the rain, was resumed with en thusiasm. The graveling work is being done by three separate crews. One crew started at the city limits of Scottsville and is working towards Glasgow. One is working at Cedar Springs and the third at the town of Petroleum. The farmers are enthusiastic at the work done and expect to finish the road in this county before bad weather.

#### DRY FIELDS ON FIRE.

Carlisle.-Fields of dry grass and veeds are burning along the railroads in every direction. Large acreages in places have already been laid waste from the fires, so dry has become the vegetation, and fencing in places has been saved with great difficulty. Nothing more than half a crop of corn or tobacco can now be hoped for.

#### PASSENGERS TERRORIZED.

Paris.-Five men who had been ter rorizing the passengers on a south bound Louisville & Nashville train from Winchester were arrested and placed in jail. The men boarded the train at Winchester for Cynthiana, and, being intoxicated, proceeded to make things lively.

#### LIGHTNING DESTROYS BARN.

Georgetown - A seed barn belonging to James Ewing was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. It contained blue grass seed, corn and hay valued at \$1,200. Forty neighbors assisted in keeping fire from the adjoining big valuable stock barn.

#### SCHOOL TEACHER SLAIN.

Somerset .- J. A. Phelps, a farmer, shot and killed Riley Price, a school teacher. Price and Phelps had trouble Christmas, when Price shot Phelps in the shoulder. Since that time the two men had not met until the killing took place.

#### LARGE PURCHASE OF MULES.

Vanceburg.-The largest sale of mules for this year was made when W. L. Cooper purchased 34 head from Mrs. Steele & Sons.

Georgetown.-A heavy hailstorm visited the western and northern end of Scott county, doing tobacco considerable damage. A three-hour rain followed, bringing great relief to suffering stock.

Lexington.-Although the Blue Grass fair was opened without the usual ceremonies of speaking or parade, the crowd in attendance was one of the largest ever seen on the

Springdale .- J. R. McAlister, of Huntington, W. Va., fell 44 feet from Durnall, sought to rob Longnecker and a bridge. His injuries at first were Timothy Ryan, has been sued for \$15, not considered serious, but he died

> Cawood .- Marion Stewart, Sr., and Robert L. Cawood were shot and seriously wounded at the school election

Louisville.-One death from pellagra has occurred here.

Carilsle.—The arrangements for the reaching large proportions, and Democrats of many counties are becoming deeply interested. Big delegations are expected to attend from Lexington,

Williamsburg .- The city council has submitted a proposition to vote \$30, 000 bonds for waterworks at the No vember election. If the bonds fail a franchise will be sold.



Mr. William A. Radford will answer of stions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 178 West Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply. enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

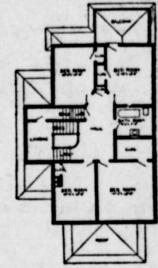
The joy of home building for s great many, especially for those living in our larger cities, is to get far out into the country, in some of the numerous pretty little suburbs that are within easy commuting distance. Most American cities are fortunate in their suburbs. If the home builder wants a wooded homesite, a marine view, s beautiful river cottage, picturesque scenery where nature has scooped out ravines and built hills, or if the tastes run more to agriculture and poultry raising, a suburban community can usually be found that pretty exactly meets the requirements.

There are two kinds of suburbs those that "just grew" and those that are the outgrowth of plans laid out by "Give me good men of foresight. transportation, electric cars every ten minutes, and let me have a hundred acre farm fifteen miles from the bustness section of the city, and I will show you a thriving suburb in five years," recently said a veteran in the art of promoting suburban develop-

This sives a valuable tip to the man who wants to build himself a home and at the same time realize a good profit on his investment in the event of sale. Pick out a likely looking suburb where the land values have not gone up too high, and pioneer it for awhile. It will be worth doing without some of the extreme conveniences of city life for a time, if by so doing you can sell your place in ten years'

William A. Radford will answer ment, etc., with state or tile roofs are one and give advice FREE OF exceedingly popular and help to make exceedingly popular and help to make the best sort of building investment.

The design illustrated herewith is a cement plaster house, the cement applied over expanded metal lath. This is a method of construction that has attained great popularity the last fiv or six years for suburban buildings At a cost of very little in excess of ordinary clapboards or shingle siding this cement plaster is put on, making a house that has all the advantages,



so far as substantial appearance goes,

of a brick masonry structure. The cement plaster is applied in three coats, completely imbedding the expanded metal lath and building up a covering about three-quarters of an inch in thickness. This is thoroughly waterproofed with special waterproofe

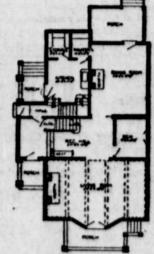


time for two or three times as much ing paint that has been developed for as you paid for it.

Invest in acre property and enjoy the pleasure of a nice garden, green lawns, shrubs, trees and flowers with plenty of sunshine and open air all around, and all your own. Then after a time when the suburb has developed, you can sell off a lot or two and be prac-

tically independent for life.

It is natural for the prospective home builder to ask, "What is the best kind of a house to build? What material should I use?" The best advice in answer to this is, "Place your case in the hands of architects who have made a specialty of home planning, and get their expert advice as to just the kind of residence that will best meet your needs; and next, more important still, "bulld well."



is no wisdom or economy in putting your savings into a structure that will be tumbfed down around your ears by the time you have it paid for. Substantial, first-class construction, using good grade, permanent building materials, costs but little more than the tempo rary sort.

It is well to have an eye to the fireresisting character of the house, especially when built in the suburbs or smaller communities where there are the incidents of every-day life of is very little fire protection. The fire an ocean liner My life has been com resisting materials, brick veneer, ce | pletely uneventful."

this purpose, so all difficulty from this source is removed. It is said that houses built in this way are just as warm in the winter time as houses of brick or stone, and at the same time are much dryer, being in this respect equal to a substantial frame house.

As to artistic appearance, nothing is finer. From the illustration it will be seen that ornamental panel strips of wood are used in connection with the cement plaster siding to break up the large surfaces and produce an attractive "English half-timber" effect.

The interior of this house is ranged both conveniently and to get the greatest amount possible of strable living space. The living room is a very large apartment, tending clear across the front of the house, and is well lighted. The reception hall is so placed as to be an attractive addition to the living room The dining room and kitchen are well situated.

On the second floor there are four large bedrooms, with clothes closet space. The bathroom is on this floor. The total width of this house is 34 feet, its length, 48 feet 8 inches. It is stated that this design can be carried out complete for \$4,000, using a good substantial grace of material through out. For a substantial suburban home it has many points in its favor.

Life at Sea is Uneventful. Life at sea is as uneventful as selling groceries, according to Capt. E. J. Smith, who commands the Olympic, the largest steamship in the world, which reached port recently. He doesn't find the romance or the thrill or the sustained excitement in his life's work that tellers of sea tales do.

Of his forty odd years on the ocean

he only remembers that the work was

hard and the responsibilities great. "I have been fortunate, I suppose," he said. "I have never been in a wreck, I have never even seen a wreck, I have never seen but one ship in distress, and I have never had a serious accident to a ship under my command. Of course, there are storms and calms, fogs and bergs, out they

#### Dr. Pearsons, Friend of the Mountain People

Interesting Career of Berea's Great Benefactor Outlined-The Characteristics That Led to His Success.

ber that I discovered this Sanitarium one of the oldest Massachusetts famlast April, when I came to call upon liles. St. Gaudens' statue of the Dr. Pearsons on his ninety-first birthday. He has now left the Sanitarium | modeled from her grandfather, Deacon and is living alone with two helpers Chapin. She brought him a little in his beautiful home six blocks away. money, and a good deal of high prin-Mrs. Frost and I took dinner with ciple and ambition. him, and a friend whom he had invited from the City, yesterday.

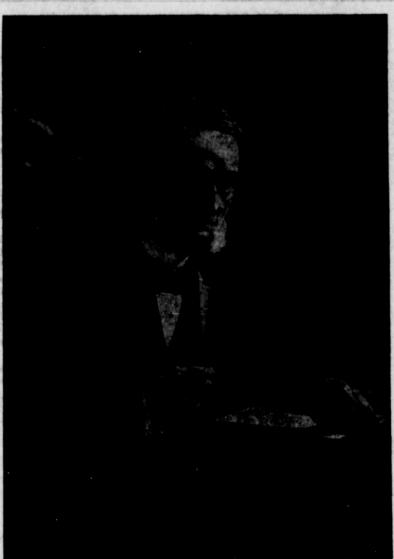
that there is a touch of feebleness in picture.

cago, who has just written Dr. Pearof April, 1829. There were no telegraphs or railroads in those days, and later years. the whole country was in the back-

Readers of the Citizen may remem- | he married Miss Chapin, daughter of "Puritan" at Springfield, Mass., was

In those days there was a remarkable young woman riding over the The Doctor looks just as he has hills of Massachusetts. Mary Lyon looked for the last thirty years only had conceived the great idea of a school for the Christian education of his walk, and a little deafness which young women, and she was raising causes him frequently to put his hand money to establish such a school at to his ear. His real infirmity is an a Mt. Holyoke. The girls were not to cute neuralgic pain on one side of the be waited upon, but to do their own head, which is often a torture. You work. They were to live plainly, so would know him instantly from his that farmers' daughters might come, and it was largely from farmers, in The friend who dined with him and small sums, that Mary Lyon raised us that day was Dr. Williams, of Chi- the money for the beginnings of this famous school. Everybody in that resons' life. Naturally, we talked a gion heard of Mary Lyon. Dr. Peargood deal about his memories and ex- sons saw her often, and while he was periences. He was born in the town- not one who could help her much at ship of Redford, Vermont, on the 14th that time, the influence of her example and her ideals followed him thru

After ten years of successful pracwoods. Vermont is a "Green Moun- tice of medicine at Chicopee, Dr. tain State," and young Daniel had a Pearsons and his wife decided that chance to chop wood, lay up stone they would go West, and they came walls, and cultivate the rocky fields to Chicago in those wonderful days of his father's farm. He was tain when the city was in the making. straight and strong, and the great dif- Mrs. Pearsons said to her husband, ference between him and the other "Daniel, you are a good doctor, but boys of the neighborhood, to begin you are more of a business man, and with, was that he worked harder, here is the greatest chance to do busispent more time thinking about nead." He began to sell land for the things, and avoided all useless dissi- lilinols Central Railroad, driving in pations. Several of his neighbor boys his buggy from one end of the State filled drunkards' graves before they to the other, and getting a commiswere forty. "They used to make fun sion on what he sold. This work reof me," he said. "Because I didn't quired judgment and honesty. He ride with them and drink with them, must know the value of the land; he and play cards with them, but where must judge the character of the pur-



DR. D. K. PEARSONS

ing to borrow a dollar."

Young Pearsons made the most cf Academy near Wooster, Mass., where one room with typhoid fever. He lane, Young Pearsons asked him what | money." made those people sick. "God," said the Doctor, pointing toward the sky. "I don't believe it," said Young Pearsons. "They were living there in the was the manure pile." The Doctor made no answer, but the next time he visited them he ordered those places cleaned up.

tor and finished his medical educaand he had good success. Presently They say they are living on noth-

are they now? I minded my own chasers-whether they were people business and pushed ahead. It was who would and could make prompt less than twenty years before some payments for the land they undertook of them were dead, and others of to buy. Pretty soon Dr. Pearsons them were following me around try- knew all the new settlements, and all the people through a very wide region. These people, as soon as they his opportunities at the District had made large payments on their School, and was soon able to teach | land, wanted to borrow more money school himself; and then attended an for improvements. Dr. Pearsons went produce a high grade horse-East and got it for them at a reasonhe was converted, and another in able rate of interest. So he was car-Vermont. But he began very soon rying on two things at the same time to study medicine with the village selling land and lending money to doctor, and very soon he knew more people who could use the money wisethan his teacher. The Doctor was a ly, and who would be prompt in good man and a kind man, but he paying interest and principal. He practiced medicine as he had been helped the people at the East get taught it, and was not studying for good interest on their money; he improvement. One day he rode with helped the settlers in the West put in his young pupil out into the country the improvements that they needed. to see three people who were sick in "I was a missionary of settlement," said Dr. Pearsons; "I was the gobled them; gave them calomel, and between for the capitalists, the railcame away. As they rode down the road and settlers, and we all made

It was during this period that Dr. Pearsons first saw Beloit College, A profane and drunken liveryman from Virginia, was taking him in a buggy dirt. Under the house were piles of through the Rock River country, and rotten potatoes, and close to the well they came in sight of a large brick building on the hill top at Beloit. 'What's that?" said Dr. Pearsons. Some fool Yankees are trying to start a College here," said the driv-Young Pearsons soon left this Doc- er. "They are trying to get the young men to go to school year after tion at Dartmouth College. Then Le year, when they ought to be riding went to Chicopee, Mass., to practice, around the country and having fun.

#### SUCCESS AND EDUCATION

The little book "Who's Who in America" contains life sketches of nearly 8,000 persons that have won distinction in some line of neble endeavour. It s very interesting to know to what extent their success came from education, and we may get at the facts in this way:

There were, according to the last census, about 41,000,000 people in the United States over twenty-one years of age. They are divided into four classes about as follows:

 Class 1—Without school training
 .5,000,000

 Class 2—With only common school training
 .33,000,000

 Class 3—with common and high school training
 .2,000,000

 Class 4—With college and higher education
 .1,000,000

Now, in which of these classes do we find the 8,000 persons who have won distinction? 

The chance you give your child will depend on the class you put him in. From the above figures it will be seen that the uneducated child has only one chance in 150,000 of attaining distinction. But a common school education will increase his chances four times. A high school training will increase the chances of the common school boy twenty-three times, giving him eightyseven times the chance of the uneducated boy. And a college education will increase the chances of the high school boy nine times, giving him 219 times the chances of the common school boy and more than 800 times the chances tlement of that region for it refers of the untrained.

ing but bread and milk up there now; I guess they will soon starve out." "I tell you," said Dr. Pearsons, "these Yankees know what they are doing; they will make something out of the young men who come to that College, and they will build up this country. If I make the money that I expect to, some day I will build a building for Beloit College."

In Class 4-Among the 1,000,000 we find

Dr. Pearsons had the faculty of all great men for seeing values. When he saw land that was going to be valuable be bought it, and afterwards was able to sell it at a profit. And he was one of the first to see the value of the pine forests of Michigan. He gathered all the money he could and bought thousands of acres of that level country where the pines stand thick together, and tall as the masts of an ocean vessel

In 1871 came the Chicago fire. The City had been built largely of woodbuildings and was swept away in a day and night. Instantly it had to be rebuilt. The price of lumber doubled and has never gone down. Dr. Pearsons had been a well to do man, but the fire now made him a rich man.

But in all these years he had done a great deal besides making money. he had been interested in all that pertained to the good of the City and of the West. His friend, Addison Ballard, was conducting a "Railroad mission," as it was called, where an enormous Sunday School gathered from the wild regions of the City. Dr. Pearsons was a teacher in this Sunday School. He helped found the Presbyterian Hospital, and was President of its Board of Trustees. He assisted the Young Men's Christian Association, and the City Missionary Society. When a little more than sixty he left the City of Chicago and built this beautiful home seventeen perfect comfort, but not anything for is able to attract them.

the world. This part of the story we will tell at another time.

Wm. Goodell Frost.

#### MORAL FENCES UP AT BEREA

to produce a fine gaited, well-mannered, three-year-old, of good action, sound, and a good seller that will bring \$300 to \$500. To do this requires forethought enough to avoid pastures fenced with barbed wire and trainer.

Now this matter of growing boys and girls that shall be high-mannered, above meanness, active, on the spot, with the willingness and the power to do things, is just as difficult and much more to be desired than to

Many a man makes the mistake of thinking if he sends John or Mary to school that he has done his dutynothing more should be asked of him. Just as well for a man to say, "Well, I have put the colt in pasture, my part is done." Not so. "Is the pasture safe, is the feed good, is there water accessible at all times? Will the colt be liable to get into a bog when trying to get to water? The wise horse grower asks some such questions as these before his thoroughbred yearling is turned out

in a strange pasture. Now there are schools and schools. A good school not only has teachers in the class room able to teach, but also it gives thought and care to see | than, perhaps, they would have chosthat the student does his work and en had they been in a smaller school that he has the instruction needed.

Here is the school that turns out boys and girls who can take places responsibilities.

contact with people. An uncivil mer-

chant soon has a store empty of cus-

More important than manners is morals. Your colt soon loses his vicious. A vicious boy looks long for a job. He must be absolutely honest, above temptation, if he is to succeed in business.

The school that neglects the moral side of life, that provides only for a journey about twenty miles through secular training, may turn out enough large quantities of good land. educated rascals to ruin the community-men who stand for success at any cost in business, who stand for plunder and graft in political life.

Schools like the Moody schools at Northfield, Mass., like Park College, Mo., like Berea College, where the whole man is trained, where the aim is to send out men that are, above all, honest, upright, fearless in exposing and opposing wrong in social and political life, these schools are doing an enviable work-they are serving the nation.

At Berea, for instance, the student associations, officered and managed by students, give a training outside the class room that develops and fits for positions of leadership, and responsibility. To their praise, be it said, that the teachers are not satisfied to develop a scholar, merely, but as far as possible a citizen who shall be a force for good in the community. This is secured by painstaking, oversight and a positive effort to advance spiritual development with scholastic and physcial power. Benton H. Roberts,

Pastor Union Church. ADVANTAGES OF A BIG SCHOOL

### The reputation of a school must dopend largely upon the ability and spe-

cial preparation of its teaching force. miles west at Hinsdale, keeping his Well-equipped teachers are usually office in the city. It was a home of found in the large school which alone The large school offers inducements

from active business and began a new scholarships, not possible in small where there is such a hurry to feed career—the career of a giver. He be- institutions, thus making it easier figan to use the business talent and sa-nancially for those who could not time to feed the hungry souls of the gacity by which he had made his otherwise continue in school and who children with musical and religious money, in giving it away in such have shown themselves thoroughly fashion as to be the largest benefit to capable and eager for an education. Another advantage is that the large school brings together more students, and healthy competition in the contest for scholarship is the result. Also the literary and debating societies have more members and afford a Any hill farmer can put a fair colt chance for more students to develop on the market, but it is not so easy the ability to think rapidly and clearly and to exercise their talent for public speaking.

The large school with its specialists natura'ly has more courses and offers a wider range of subjects for the student to select from. Thus students to secure careful handling by a good have a better opportunity to speciallize in any chosen profession. They are attracted to the course of study which somehow appeals to them and are often enabled to prepare themselves for a life work which is more in keeping with their native ability



SECRETARY MORTON

with fewer courses to select from.

Without good equipment the best teaching is greatly limited. The of responsibility, gives them facilities large school with its good laboratofor a training in bearing and meeting ries, where the student can see practica demonstrations of the theories taught, The matter of manners must have and with its libraries containing attention. A civil manner, a kind thousands of volumes, often unobtainand polite mode of address must be lable in the smaller schools, affords acquired if a young person is to succeed in a position where he comes in particular lines. It also has museums

### An Early Traveler Near Berea

Extracts From His Diary Throw Light on Early Conditions.

Editor of Citizen:

jective point of his journey was night. Boonesborough, that important point in the early history of Kentucky. The and cloudy, Did a little business. extract which I copy today will undoubtedly interest your readers as the observations of a traveler in the region about Berea at so early a date. It is interesting to identify the localities mentioned and to note the remarks on early Kentucky weather. river rising and surrounding them Da-The document also has much import- vis tried to swim over but was ance in foreshadowing the early setto the good land, and an accompanying entry shows an early claim.

"Dec. 16, 1779. Left St. Asaph's for Boonsburg, crossed Dick's River at Coburn's place, went up Gilbert's Creek and down a small creek that the Rockcastle beginning on the Midemptied into Paint Lick Creek. Lay market value if it is proven that it is on a mile short of the Creek and was greatly favored. The weather, tho it was cloudy and threatened a fall, yet at the head of a little branch that held up till the morning. We had no tent with us. It rained in the for quantity entered the 15th day of morning and froze as it fell. Our

Madison, Wis., July 10, 1911. 17th. Crossed Paint Lick Creek and Silver Creek, came up Tate's Creek. In the collection of material, which The road very bad. The cane lapped am examining here, is to be found over with the snow and rain made it an old diary, kept by a certain Dr. almost impassable. There is good Wm. Fleming in 1779. He was evi- land on Tate's Creek. Got to Boonsdently traveling through Eastern Ken- burg in the evening, twenty miles tucky on official business, as he is re- from our encampment. The weather ferred to as Commissioner. The ob- very severe. It snowed a little in the

18th. The weather severely cold

19th. Clear, frosty and very cold. 20th. Went on with business. The frost continues severe. We were informed of one Davis' family being lost on the Rockcastle, They encamped on a fork of the Creek, the drowned."

It is likely that Fleming was a land commissioner and we begin to find claims entered soon after as may be seen from the following entry of 1780.

"Adam Broil enters 1,500 acres upon a Treasury warrant on the waters of dle Fork about three quarters of a mile above the trace from the settlement to Boonsboro, including a spring runs into said fork, and up the creek, May, 1780." Teste.-James Thompson S. S. C.

J. R. Robertson.

#### MUSIC IN EVERY HOME

Prof. Rigby Tells How the Musical Instinct May be Fostered - What Berea Offers.

Music should be in every home because the musical instinct is planted in the heart of every normal boy and girl. It is as natural for the child to try to express this inborn musical desire as it is for the birds to bubble over with their morning song.

But the way of expressing this desire for music will be good or bad, musical or unmusical, sweet, beautiful and elevating, or harsh, rasping and degrading according as the child's surroundings are musically favorable or unfavorable.

If the child is so fortunate as to be born in a home, no matter how humtle or how elegant, where the lighthearted mother sings as she does her work, and at night soothes the child to sleep with a sweet lullaby; if the family gather at least once every day and sing a song at family worship, and, Sunday afternoon, spend an hour around the organ singing hymns, then this inborn instinct, this musical seed has fallen into good ground, and it will grow and develop into a strong sturdy plant of beauty and usefulness that will bloom into sweet

But if the child is so unfortunate When he was seventy, he retired to worthy students in the way of as to be born in a home, rich or poor, the cattle and hogs that there is no food, where the mother is so busy with her work or with society affairs out any expense. that the child is in the way, and gets a "box on the ear" instead of a song, where Sunday is a day when all are home, church and Sunday school, may too "dead tired" to do anything but be obtained from the best experienced sleep or go picnicing, then you may teachers for only twenty-three cents be sure the musical instinct which per lesson. God has planted within the child has fallen in stony ground and it can violin, may be had also for very small only starve and die or grow twisted expense. and dwarfed, expressing itself in harsh noise or cheap vulgar songs.

musical instinct.

It is not necessary to have wealth, cultivated musicians. In fact, homes of this kind are often the most barren the more abundant life.

musically. What is needed is simple but good wholesome music in which all the family can take part.

A mother with love and music in her soul, and a very little training can furnish the right musical atmosphere; and the kind of musical education necessary to have the right kind of music in the home is within the reach of everyone who desires it.

The Music Department of Berea College furnishes a large part of this education absolutely free. There are free singing classes; where good songs may be learned, where the important principles of voice culture and music reading are taught according to



PROF. RALPH RIGBY

the latest and best methods, all with

Special private lessons on the organ, which is, above all, the instrument for

Private lessons in voice, piano and

The aim of the whole music department is to provide the best possible Every home may have the proper training for that kind of music in the conditions for the development of this homes, churches and Sunday schools, which will make life brighter and better, which will elevate the musical a piano, and parents who are highly standard of the whole community, and teach men and women to live

which are rarely to be had in the smaller schools, well-built school tution. It has all of these advanbuildings, thoroughly equipped, and tages. Its faculty consists of conscimodern dormitories which make the entious and thoroughly equipped work of the students easier and daily teachers. It offers numerous scholarlife more pleasant.

counties and other states. This comgether give special advantages for mens. the exchange of new and larger ideas | The social advantages at Berea are ed and friendships made which last and womanhood. through life.

the more opportunities there are for And what student can afford to miss the student of small means to work | these advantages and stay at home. his way through school.

Berea College is a growing instiships to worthy students. It has good The large school brings together literary and debating societies. Its students from the various towns, laboratories are good and well furnished and it has one of the finest mingling of students in the class libraries in the state; also a museum room and their daily social life to- containing many interesting speci-

and fosters a broader view of life. At good, for the school stands for all the same time, associations are form- that is true and noble in manhood

Someone has said, "It is cheaper to Furthermore, the larger the school go to Berea than to stay at home." D. Walter Morton

#### HOUSES TO RENT

To those who wish to reside in Berea for a longer or shorter time to enjoy its educational advantages, the College has a number of houses, large and small, some of them partly furnished, to rent on reasonable terms to those who have children to educate. Address

THE COLLEGE TREASURER, Berea, Ky.



## W. B. CORSET STEELS

**Guaranteed Not To Rust** 

This latest W. B. accomplishment again emphasizes the superiority of the W. B. product.



## E. F. COYLE

You pay less

or get more

### LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

### DR. BEST,

DENTIST CITY PHONE 153 OFFICE OVER RACKET STORE

DAN H. BRECK Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

Richmond, Ky. Phone 505

Mr. and Mrs. Dee Young and daughter Laura who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Guinn and family, of Berea, and Mr. Young's parents, of Climax, Ky., and other relatives and friends, left Berea, last Monday, for their home in Kansas City, Kan. They expect to arrive Wednesday morning.

Misses Susie Guinn and Rosella Roberts left, Tuesday, for a two weeks vacation with relatives in Annville, Ky.

Mr. Leonard Isaacs, who has been working near Annville, was home from Saturday until Tuesday.

Miss Hattie Poynter, of Boone, visited Miss Laura Isaacs, Saturday and ficers.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Haley and little

son are visiting in Paint Lick this Mrs. E. F. Dizney is taking a de-

lightful vacation with friends in Mich-Mr. and Mrs. W.D. Logsdon, of Pan

ola, were at the home of their daughter, Mrs. James Coyle, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Spink attended the fair at Lexington, last Thursday. Mrs. T. A. Robinson and children, who had been visiting at Monticello, Ky, came home last week.

in town, Monday.

Bess, went to Dreyfus, Monday, to see of the Masonic Hall. Mrs. Hays' mother, Mrs. Hudson.

Miss Hazel Blazer arrived last week from her home in Ohio to teach at Contest. Wallacetown.

Melons at the College Gardens! Call Mr. Mullett. It may be that he can supply the other demands of your table.

Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Barnett, who have been living in town for several months, have purchased a farm near Richmond and are moving to it this

The Junior Contest is now on at Welch's. The best thing that ever happened in Berea for the boys and

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor and Prof. Smith left, Monday, for a weeks visit to different parts of Clay County.

Prof Matheny returned, Saturday morning, from his vacation. He has spent some time studying in Chicago University.

Prof. Marsh is with President and Mrs. Frost this week in Bariboo, Wis. Prof. Francis Clark returned, Tuesday, from a pleasant lecturing trip in North Carolina. For several weeks he is to be on the Farmers' Institute force for the State.

Mr. Kidd Richardson who has been ill is able to be out again.

Miss Baston, of East Bernstadt, is visting her aunt, Mrs. Sallie Hanson. Mrs. Samuels, who has been visiting Mrs. Maggie Robinson, returned to her home in Richmond, last week. Mr. Clinton Early was taken to the nospital, Saturday, with typhoid fever. The Philathea class of Berea Baptist Sunday School met, Monday, Aug. 7, 1911, at the home of Miss Dooley Welch for the purpose of electing of-

They were as follows: President, Look for Welch's ad. in regard to Bessie Smith, Vice President, Esta Honeycutt; Secr Asst. Secretary, Minnie Honeycut; Treasurer, Ella Adams; Reporter, Grace Farmer; Teacher, Dooley Welch. Mr. D. L. Scoles and Mr. Laurence

Wright, who have been attending the summer school, have left for their homes in Ohio, for the rest of the vacation.

Mr. Waldo Davison is at Shelbyville doing plumbing work for the Lincoln Institute.

The women of the Eastern Star Lodge gave a starlight ice cream supper. Saturday night, on the Hallie Embree lot. The grounds were beauti Mr. A. W. Stuart, of Kirksville, was fully lighted with Japanese lanterns, and each table artiscally decorated. Mr. Frank Hays and daughter, The funds go toward the refurnishing

> WANTED:-Boys and girls at Welch's-see the ad. about the Junior

Mr. Z. Ball, of Monica, Ky. was in town, Friday.

Rev. D. G. Combs, of Moorehead, was in Berea, Saturday, on his way to McKee where he is to hold a revival. Mrs. Estridge, of Level Green, was in Berea, Monday.

Mrs. Minerva Gentry and daughter, of Indianapolis, Ind., were visiting in Berea last week.

**OUR FORMER AD ANNOUNCED THE** 

### JUNIOR CONTEST

We want every Girl and Boy who wants to win a prize to come to this store and register their name and enter this Contest

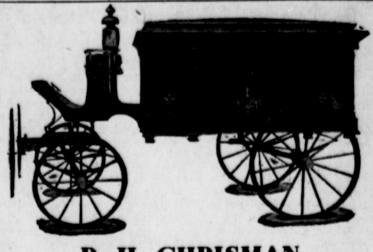


Come and Get a Cole's Hot Blast Girl or Boy Button

Free to all girls and boys 15 years of age or under. Call for booklet which will tell you all about it. Also tells you how you may win one of the splendid prizes.

See the Prizes in Our Show Window





R. H. CHRISMAN Undertaking and Embalming

A Complete Line of Modern Funeral Supplies. SPECIAL SERVICE DAY OR NIGHT.

Day Phone 26

Night 46

Misses Fannie Dowden and Mattie | lege, West. Virginia McGuire, of Paint Lick, were in Berea. Sunday.

Mr. Burt Holder, of Roanoke, Ala., Early from Thursday until Saturday. Mr. E. L. Roberts, Supt. of the Printing Dept., took advantage of the Niagra excursion, Wednesday, to make a ten days visit to his parents in northeastern Ohio.

LOST-Between the college and Mr. Dizney's, last week, a red, self-filler, Okla. fountain pen. Finder, please leave at Citizen office and receive reward.

Mr. L. Whitaker of Letcher Co. was in Berea, Wednesday, and made a nice purchase of real estate from G. D. her profession in Corbin, Barbour-

Mrs. G. D. Holliday is visiting relatives in Knott and Perry County. SPECIAL NOTICE

A Berea subscriber sent a dollar to The Citizen, the 10th, for overdue subscription but did not sign his name. Of course the dollar cannot be credited. Come in and identify the

A card from Dr. Best, Wednesday, states that their baby is slowly improving.

#### MR. S. L. CLARK RETIRES

The Citizen regrets to announce the resignation of Mr. S. L. Clark from the Superintendency of the College Farm. The readers of the paper, while they may not know him personally, will recall his many interesting tor Bradley. articles on farm subjects.

Mr. Clark has been one of the most ers and we are glad, if he must leave after a hard fight adopted a county us, of the assurance, which is ours from personal contact, that he will manifest the same degree of efficiency in another institution that sore- lican platform, a denunciation of Rely needs his services. He is to have arge of the farm at Betheny Col- praises of Democra

Mr. W. F. Flanery, a graduate of Berea's course in Agriculture and for some years in the employ of the U. S. was visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Dept. of Agriculture, is to take Mr. Clark's place.

#### STEWART-CURRY

Miss Sarah Stewart, a graduate in the Nurses' Training Course, at Berea, was married at Corbin, the 8th, inst,. to Mr. Clark Curry, of Straud,

Mr. Curry has a government position at the Indian Agency at Straud and was recently promoted.

Miss Stewart has been practicing Holliday. He will possibly move to ville and London for some time but recently spent several months with relatives in Oklahoma where she met Mr. Curry.

Mr. and Mrs. Curry will be at home in Staud after Sept. 15th.

#### DEATH OF MRS. 066

Mrs. John Ogg, after being ill only a short time with typhoid fever, died at the hospital last Saturday. Funeral services were held at the Baptist Church, Sunday afternoon. Rev. Wilks, the pastor, having charge. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to the sorrowing husband and daughter.

#### IN OUR OWN STATE

convention as to the election of Sena-

PLATFORM CONVENTION The Democratic Platform Conven-

faithful and efficient of Berea's work- tion which met in Louisville, Tuesday, unit plank by a vote of 667 to 514.

The remainder of the platform consists chiefly in a report of the Repubpublicanism and Republicans and loud

AND CLOSES AUG. 15TH

SALE BEGINS AUG. 1ST

### Every Man Who Wants a Suit



J'erfection,

Should be in Our Store promptly Tuesday, Aug. 1st. For we have 150 Men's Suits that we are going to sell at cost and below cost. Don't think for a moment we are trying to fool you for we know you can't be fooled in clothing, and everybody in Berea and surrounding country knows we Sell the Best.

11111111111111111111111111111111111111	III M	MEN'S SUITS					BOYS'		SUITS	
	\$22.50	Suits	cut	to	\$14.98	\$8.50	Suits	cut	to	\$6
	20.00	"	"	"	13.98	7.50	"	"	"	5
A A A A A A	18.00	"	"	"	12.98	6.00	"	"	"	4
	16.50	"	"	"	11.98	5.00	"	"	"	3
	15.00	1"	"	**	10.98	4.00	"	"	"	2
	13.50	"	"	"	9.98	3.50	"	"	"	2
-	12.50	"	"	"	8.98	3.00	"	"	"	1
2	10.00	"	**	"	7.98		tue -			

Come at once and get a suit cheap.

SALE BEGINS TUESDAY, AUGUST FIRST

RHODUS & HAYES

THE QUALITY STORE MAIN ST.

BEREA, KY.

### MONEY SAVED IS MONEY MADE To make room for our new fall stock of 5, 10 and 25c Notions, Novelties and Toys we offer you unexcelled values in our

Running August 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 
 Sale Price
 Reg. Price
 Sale Pr 75c 21 qt. Dish Pan -

BIG SPECIAL 10 DAY SALE

50c No. 2 Chambers - 39c 40c No. 2 Titan G. Cham. 29c 12 qt. Bucket - - - 59c 10 qt. " - - 39c On every 10c article sold during the sale we will return 1c in change.

MRS. EARLY'S

RACKET STORE **Main Street** 

Berea, Ky.

## "THE FURNITURE MAN"

Furniture. Undertaking Carpets Mattings Rugs Wall Paper Stoves Ranges

Refrigerators Ice Cream Freezers Pianos **Organs** Buggies Harness Wire Fencing Fertilizer

### I Make The Lowest Prices

#### R. H. Chrisman Phone 26 Berea, Ky.

#### Door To Business Career

Mr. Livengood Speaks for His Department-The School Opens entific farming" is only the name for Door to Service.

are some young people who feel the ance and lack of education against call of the store, of the bank, of the the skill and training of others will business office. They wish to have a almost certainly fail. Here and there part in that wonderful' Commerce the man of marvelous natural capacity which feeds and clothes and houses succeeded in the past without educathe world. These young people will tion, but the skill and training which find employment as clerks, book- managed the successful business of keepers, stenographers or storekeep- fifty years ago would be scarcely ers. Some of them will in a few enough to meet the demands which years become heads of the great busi- are made upon the clerk of today. ness enterprises of the country.

rivals in business were untrained like business school. himself. The young man could enter Young people who would enter the the office of some friend of his fam- business office of today must have ily and there learn the business by the very best and most thoro prac-

In almost every neighborhood there people who try to match their ignor-

The business man of the present A generation ago, special training day cannot spend his valuable time and education were not needed by in teaching his clerks the things they the business man, for most of his could and should have learned in a



IN THE BUSINESS SCHOOL

ONLY ONE FARM IN BEREA

Containing twenty acres-ten in original forestry, ten in oats and grass,

five cottages, four fronting Forest St.

Investments in well selected real estate in growing communities are

sure and safe and best for small savings. Buy this property and you are

buying an inheritance.

I have resident property, store property, and building lots for sale in Berea, ranging in price from \$150 up, improved from \$200 to \$5,000. Also bluegrass farms in Madison and Garrard Co; mountain farms in Jackson and Rockcastle Co.

working under the eye of his employ- tical training and special education to

Today conditions are different. The to get this training is in the business storekeeper in the most secluded coun- school at Berea College. The comtry district must meet the competi- bination of up-to-date equipment, extion of the great mail order houses perienced teachers, varied courses to in the cities. No matter where he is suit individual needs and the lowest or what line of business he takes up, expenses of any good school in the he meets the competition of educated, country places the business school of skilled and thoroly trained rivals. Berea College far ahead of even the Business is more complex than it used best of the "business colleges" of to be when it was conducted in a this region. crude, haphazard manner, when nearly everything was on a small scale who plans to enter a business career and required no great amount of education or skill or training.

In the business world of today, College, strength, will-power, honesty and money are not enough. The young

fit them for their work. A good place

No young man or young woman can afford to pass by the excellent ad vantages which are offered at Berea

F. M. Livengood.

#### **NEW ROAD TO THE FARM**

Agriculture and Ignorance No Longer the School.

This summer a good many young men, who say that they want to become farmers, have come to me for advice as to whether they should take an agricultural course to better fit them for their work. What I told them I am going to tell the boys who not know the science of farming will read The Citizen. More than two be left behind. thousand years ago a Jewish writer and hold the plow?" He questioned older farmers in the country are the possibility of it and the thought afraid to take up any new methods

has lived along down the centuries until today. There has always been a prevalent idea that little or no educa-Go Together-New Road is Thru tion is needed to make a farmer and that agriculture and ignorance are mutual companions. Now, as I told those boys who asked me what they should do to become good farmers or better farmers, I will tell you. The time is coming and now is, when the farmer who is not educated or does

Please do not get scared at the asked, "How can we ever get wisdom term, scientific farming. Many of the

W. F. Flanery. STRONG NEW WORKERS FOR BEREA

that sound educational or that are coupled with big words, but you are not going to be so backward, for "sci



the correct way of doing things on the farm. Now, my young friends, do you eler, a builder of educational instituwant to be left behind? Of course tions, and above all a Christian man not. Then Berea College offers you of the earnest and sensible type a unique help in the way of its farmers' courses

You learn in this course not only by college farm, in the garden and forest that when you have a worn-out or poor soil, by application of lime, cow peas and clover, you can build it up and make it productive. This is called soil chemistry. Then you also learn when you have gotten this mechanical world, and the only reason building up process started, what kind of crops should come first and ly and with more skill is the lack of follow each other from year to year. training. The writer regards all tools This is "crop rotation" and, furthermore, you learn to know when your They respond to his directions, withcattle or horses get sick just what out a complaint, and do their work the trouble is and what to do in each case. This is called "Animal hand. They also perform the better Husbandry." This is scientific farming. It all sounds big, I know, but and do not refuse to do their part in it is just as simple as can be. the great field of mechanical work. There is only one big thing about it and that is the thing that you boys will do when you get back home on the farm.

Now is the time for you to make up your mind to start this fall and I dollars (\$2) for the best paper not to exceed 200 words, entitled, "Why I Want to Take the Farmers' Course." This offer is open only to new students who enter the first year farmers' course and must be submitted the first week of the fall term.

Much interest is naturally felt in the new appointments for this year, and those having the matter in charge feel that they have been greatly favored by Providence in the choices made

In Music we shall have Miss Blanch Thurston, a lady of experience, high talent, and personal devotion and WE SELL

### Zaring's Flour --- The Best Made 45c --- up

Why Buy Inferior Flours?

IUST RECEIVED

#### A Large Line of New Clothing

FALL AND WINTER STYLES

You Can Buy the Same Quality SHOES for Less Money than Sold by Others

All Welcome!

A Country Store in Town!

Come in!

Phone 60

R. J. ENGLE,

Berea, Ky.

charm, whose picture appeared in The Citizen some weeks ago.

In Mathematics we have Prof. Horace E. Cromer, who will re-enforce the younger portion of the faculty, and whose success elsewhere guarantees his popularity here.

Prof. Cromer is one of the most promising among the recent graduates of Ohio University, tall, and handsome and characterized by his teachers as clean, optimistic and earnest, a strong student, a leader in student activities. He is extolled by those who were associated with him in school work as distinguished for correct habits, influence, industry, sympathy, tact, discipline, teaching power, loyalty, popularity, sociability, athletics, church work and ideals. We believe he will be as much appreciated in Berea as in Newark and Athens.

As Professor of Latin, and Dean of the Collegiate Department, we shall have Edward C. Downing, Ph. D., late of Macalester College, Minnesota. Dr. Downing will be a great acquisition to the educational forces of the South. He is a man of wide experience in affairs, an author, a travwhich Berea especially approves. He has been a member of the St. Paul Board of Education and holds a large theory but by actual practice, on the place in the esteem of the best people throughout the Northwest.

#### TOOLS IN THE SCHOOL ROOM

Every instrument and every tool has a part to perform in the great why they are not used more effectivefor building purposes as his friends. perfectly when guided by a skilled service when kept in good condition, It is hard to look upon a well-worn out tool without wishing it a decent burial, because it has served its master well. There is a lesson here.

First of all every boy, starting out to prepare himself to be a helper in am going to offer a cash prize of two building up this world should be urged to get thoroughly acquainted with tools. This is a knowledge that is not easily forgotten and with it one is enabled to remodel the old home, to build a school-house for the district, a barn for the farmer, a store for the merchant, a church for the congregation, a hotel for the town, a bridge across the creek for the county, and much more will he accomplish after having rightly learned how to use the faithful servants, we call tools. And further, tools may be a help in character building.

Where may this training be had? I will gladly assure you if you are diligent and faithful, you may have the chance, in the carpentry class of the wood work department, of Berea College. It will be open for business, Sept. 13, 1911 and will gladly welcome

any young man and give him train-

J. A. Burgess FOR SALE

Lot on Depot Street joining the skating rink on the west, 74 feet front by 143 feet back. For particulars call upon or phone, A. P. Settle, Kingston, Madison County, Ky.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

State Bank & Trust Co., Plffs.

Julia Pearl Hanson, Deft. Under and by virtue of a judgment and order of sale rendered at the May term of the Madison Circuit Court, the undersigned Master Commissioner of said court will, on Saturday, September 2nd, 1911, on the premises in the city of Berea, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., sell to the highest and best bidder 12 lots of land belonging to the Hanson Estate, according to survey made by J. W. Fowler. This property will be offered as a whole, and then in sub-divisions and combinations of lots of one or more together, to suit the purchaser. Said property will be sold on six, or six and twelve months time, or the purchaser can pay cash if he desires.

This property fronts on Chestnut St. and is splendid property.

H. C. RICE, M. C. M. C. C

#### BARGAIN ON FARM

A bargain if taken in next sixty days. On account of health, I will sell my farm consisting of 105 acres. situated 4 miles from Paint Lick in Garrard County, Kentucky, on turnpike, near good school and church. This farm is well improved, has good new house, 2 tobacco barns that hold 25 acres, good young orchard, and is well watered. For further information address, G. P. Terrill, Lancaster, Ky.

Red Cross Flour, 65 cents.

**Every Sack Guaranteed** 

TATUM'S

#### PALACE MEAT MARKET

Fresh and cured meats and lard. Call for what you want and get what you call for. Highest market price paid for butter, eggs and chickens

Pure home rendered lard 50lb. cans 10c per lb. smaller lots 12c

Kidd Building, Corner Main and Richmond Streets, Berea, Ky.

U. B. ROBERTS, Prop.

### Do You Want to Buy a Good Blue Grass Farm?

Do you want to buy a good building lot in Berea and do as others have done, build you a comfortable home, educate your children and make a living?

Or is it a common to medium farm you want at a moderate price for either cash or terms with easy payments, close around and convenient to Berea College?

It may be more convenient for you to buy some of the beautiful homes already built that I have for sale for my clients in Berea. Good enough for anybody.

I have plenty of Real Estate in Madison and adjoining Counties for sale at a price to suit any one, from \$10 per acre to \$150 per acre owing to the quality and location of the land. Think it over and write me what you want or call at my office and we will talk it over. REMEMBER WHAT I SAY, you will always get a square deal with Holiday If interested.

CALL UPON OR ADDRESS,

G. D. HOLLIDAY toom 4, Berea Bank & Trust Building BEREA, KY.

The Best Qualities of

### Staple and Fancy Groceries

That the market can afford. Try a sack of our Lexington Cream Flour or Zarings Patent Flour, two of the best on the market. If we please you tell others; if not tell us.

W. I. DOOLEY Berea, Ky.

I can suit you in farms anywhere in prices from \$1,000 to \$20,000. One farm of 92 1-2 acres, real black walnut blue grass land in Garrard Co. 2 1-2 miles west of Paint Lick, Ky. This farm is nearly all in grass, well improved, and will suit any one wanting a splendid farm.

If you are planning to buy Real Estate, do not delay but write or call on me at once for particulars and terms. J. P. BICKNELL



## **ELUSIVE** ISABEL

JACQUES FUTRELLE 30

Illustrations by M. RETTNER

Opyright, 1908, by The Associated Sunday Magaz Copyright 1909, by The Bobbs-Merrill Company

SYNOPSIS.

Count di Rosini, the Italian ambassador, is at dinner with diplomats when
a messenger summons him to the embassy, where a beautiful young woman
asks for a ticket to the embassy ball.
The ticket is made out in the name of
Miss Isabel Thorne. Chief Campbell of
the secret service, and Mr. Grimm, his
head detective, are warned that a plot is
brewing in Washington, and Grimm goes
to the state ball for information. His attention is called to Miss Isabel Thorne,
who with her companion, disappears. A
shot is heard and Senor Alvarez of the
Mexican legation, is found wounded.
Grimm is assured Miss Thorne did it; he
visits her demanding knowledge of the
affair, and arrests Pietro Petrozinni. Miss
Thorne visits an old bomb-maker and they
discuss a wonderful experiment. Fifty
thousand dollars is stolen from the office
of Benor Rodriguez, the minister from
Venezuela, and while detectives are inrestigating the robbery Miss Thorne appears as a guest of the legation. Grimm
accuses her of the theft; the money is
restored, but a new mystery occurs in
the disappearance of Monsieur Boissegur
the French ambassador. Elusive Miss
Thorne reappears.

#### CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued.)

"You knew I was here," repeated Mr. Grimm musingly. "And may I-?" "Just as you knew that I, or some one, at least, had entered this house a few minutes ago," she interrupted. The automobile horn outside was a signal, wasn't it? Hastings was in the

car? Or was it Blair or Johnson?" Mr. Grimm did not say.

'Didn't you anticipate any personal danger when you entered?" he queried instead. "Weren't you afraid f might shoot?" 'No.'

There was a long silence. Mr. Grimm still sat with his elbows on his knees, staring at the vague white spotch which was Miss Thorne's face and bare neck. One of her white arms bung at her side like a pallid serpent, and her hand was at rest on the seat of the couch.

"It seems, Miss Thorne," he said at length casually, "that our paths of duty are inextricably tangled. Twice previously we have met under circumstances that were more than strange, and now—this! Whatever injustice I may have done you in the past by my suspicions has, I hope, been forgiven; and in each instance we were able to work side by side toward a conclusion. I am wondering now if this singular affair will take a similar course.

He paused. Miss Thorne started to eak, but he silenced her with slight gesture of his hand.

"It is only fair to you to say that we—that is, the Secret Service—have learned many things about you," he resumed in the same casual tone. "We have, through our foreign agents, traced you step by step from Rome to Washington. We know that you are, in a way, a representative of a sovereign of Europe; we know that you were on a secret mission to the Spanish court, perhaps for this soversign, and remained in Madrid for a month; we know that from there you went to Paris, also on a secret mission-perhaps the same-and remained there for three weeks; we know that you met diplomatic agents of those governments later in London. We know all this; we know the manaer of your coming to this country; of your coming to Washington. But we don't know why you are here."

Again she started to speak, and again he stopped her.

"We don't know your name, but that is of no consequence. We do know that in Spain you were Senora Cassavant, in Paris Mademoiselle d'Aubinon, in London Miss Jane Kellogg, and here Miss Isabel Thorne. We realize that exigencies arise in your calling, and mine, which make changes of name desirable necessary even, and there is no criticism of that. Now as the representative of your government-rather a government-you have a right to be here, although unaccredtted; you have a right to remain here as long as your acts are consistent with our laws; you have a right to your secrets as long as they do not. directly or indirectly, threaten the welfare of this country. Now, why are you here?"

He received no answer; he expected none. After a moment he went on:

"Admitting that you are a secret agent of Italy, admitting everything that you claim to be, you haven't convinced me that you are not the person who came here for the letters and cigarettes. You have said nothing to prove to my satisfaction that you are not the individual I was waiting for to-

"You don't mean that you suspect-?" she began in a tone of amage

"I don't mean that I suspect anything." he interposed. "I mean merely you haven't convinced me. nothing inconsistent in the

fact that you are what you say you clothing disarranged, collar unfascence are, and that in spite of that, you and dangling. ame tonight for-

He was interrupted by a laugh, s throaty, silvery note that he remem-bered well. His idle hands closed spasmodically, only to be instantly re-

"Suppose, Mr. Grimm, I should tell you that immediately after Madame Boissegur placed the matter in my hands this afternoon, I went straight to your office to show this letter to you and ask for your assistance?" she inquired. "Suppose that I left my card for you with a clerk there on being informed that you were out-remember I knew you were on the case from Madame Boissegur-would that indicate anything except that I wanted to put the matter squarely before you, and work with you?"

"We will suppose that much," Mr. Grimm agreed.

"That is a statement of fact," Miss Thorne added. "My card, which you will find at your office, will show that. And when I left your office I went to same purpose. You were not there, and I left a card for you. And that is a statement of fact. It was not difficult, owing to the extraordinary circumstances, to imagine that you would be here tonight-just as you are—and I came here. My purpose, still, was to inform you of what I knew, and work with you. Does that convince you?"

"And how did you enter the embassy?" Mr. Grimm persisted.

"Not with a latch-key, as you did," she replied. "Madame Boissegur, at my suggestion, left the French window in the hall there unfastened, and I came in that way—the way, I may add, that Monsieur l'Ambassadeur went out when he disappeared."

"Very well!" commented Mr. Grimm, and finally: "I think, perhaps, I owe you an apology, Miss Thorne-another one. The circumstances now, as they were at our previous meeting, are so unusual that-is it necessary to go on?" There was a certain growing deference in his tone. "I wonder if you account for Monsieur Boissegur's disappearance as I do?" he inquired.

"I dare say," and Miss Thorne leaned toward him with sudden eagerness in her manner and voice. "Your theory is-?" she questioned.

"If we believe the servants we know that Monsieur Boissegur did not go out either by the front door or the rear," Mr. Grimm explained. "That being true the French window by which you entered seems to have been the way."

"Yes, yes," Miss Thorne interpolated. "And the circumstances at-



"The Ambassador."

tending the disappearance? How do you account for the fact that he went, evidently of his own will?"

"Precisely as you must account for it if you have studied the situation here as I have," responded Mr. Grimm. "For instance, sitting at his desk there"-and he turned to indicate it-"he could readily see out the windows overlooking the street. There is only a narrow strip of lawn between the house and the sidewalk. Now, if some one on the sidewalk, or-or-

"In a carriage?" promptly suggested Miss Thorne.

"Or in a carriage," Mr. Grimm supplemented, "had attracted his attention—some one he knew—it is not at all unlikely that he rose, for no apparent reason, as he did do, passed along the hall-"

"And through the French window across the lawn to the carriage, and not a person in the house would have seen him go out? Precisely! There seems no doubt that was the way," she mused. "And, of course, he must have entered the carriage of his own free will?"

"In other words, on some pretext or other, he was lured in, then made prisoner, and-!"

He paused suddenly and his hand met Miss Thorne's warningly. The silence of the night was broken by the violent clatter of footsteps, apparently approaching the embassy. The noise was unmistakable-some one was running.

"The window!" Miss Thorne whispered.

She rose quickly and started to cross the room to look out; Mr. Grimm sat motionless, listening. An instant later and there came a tremendous crash of glass-the French window in the hallway by the sound—then rapid footsteps, still running along the hall. Mr. Grimm moved toward the door unruffled, perfectly self-possessed; there was only a narrowing of his eyes at the abruptness and clatter of it all. And then the electric lights

in the hall flashed up. Before Mr. Grimm stood a man, framed by the doorway, staring unsecingly into the darkened room. His face was haggard and white as death; his mouth agape as if from exertion, and the lips bloodless; his eyes were widely distended as if from fright- | ter vegetable.

"The ambassador!" whispered thrillingly.

CHAPTER XIV.

A Rescue and an Escape.
Miss Thorne's voice startled Mr. Grimm a little, but he had no doubts It was Monsieur Boissegur. Mr. Grimm was going toward the enframed figure when, without any apparent reason, the ambassador turned and ran along the hall; and at that instant the lights went out again. For one moment Grimm stood still, dazed and blinded by the sudden blackness, and again he started toward the door. Miss Thorne was beside him.
"The lights!" he whispered tensely

"Find the switch!"

He heard the rustle of her skirts as she moved away, and stepped out into the hall, feeling with both his hands along the wall. A few feet away, in the direction the ambassador had gone there seemed to be a violent the hotel where you live, with the struggle in progress-there was the scuffling of feet, and quick-drawn breaths as muscle strained against muscle. The lights! If he could only find the switch! Then, as his hands moved along the wall, they came h contact with another hand-a hand pressed firmly against the plastering. barring his progress. A light blow in the face caused him to step back quickly.

The scuffling sound suddenly resolved itself into moving footsteps, and the front door opened and closed with a bang. Mr. Grimm's listless eyes snapped, and his white teeth came together sharply as he started toward the front door. But fate seemed to be against him still. He stumbled over a chair, and his own impetus forward sent him sprawling; his head struck the wall with a resounding whack; and then, over the house, came utter silence. From outside he heard the clatter of a cab. Finally that died away in the distance.

"Miss Thorne?" he inquired quietly. "I'm here," she answered in a despairing voice. "But I can't find the switch.

"Are you hurt?"

And then she found the switch; the lights flared up. Mr. Grimm was sitting thoughtfully on the floor.

"That simplifies the matter considerably," he observed complacently, as he rose. "The men who signaled to me when you entered the embassy will never let that cab get out of their sight."

Miss Thorne stood leaning forward a little, eagerly gazing at him with those wonderful blue-gray eyes, and an expression of-of-perhaps it was admiration on her face.

"Are you sure?" she demanded, at

"I know it," was his response. And just then Monsieur Rigolot, secretary of the embassy, thrust an inquisitive head timidly around the corner of the stairs. The crash of glass had aroused him. "What happened?" he asked, breath-

lessly.

"We don't know just yet," replied Mr. Grimm. "If the noise aroused any one else please assure them that there's nothing the matter. And you might inform Madame Boissegur that the ambassador will return home to morrow. Good night!' At his hotel, when he reached

there, Mr. Grimm found Miss Thorne's -and he drew a long breath; at his office he found another of her cards, and he drew another long breath. He did like corroborative details, did Mr. Grimm, and, of course, this-! On the following day Miss Thorne accompanied him to Alexan dria, and they were driven in a closed carriage out toward the western edge of the city. Finally the carriage stopped at a signal from Mr. Grimm, and he assisted Miss Thorne out, after which he turned and spoke to some one remaining inside—a man.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Many Dogs In France. There are more dogs in France than most countries. Thus it appears that to one thousand inhabitants there are 75 dogs in France and only 38 in England, 31 in Germany and 11 in Sweden. Still, hydrophobia is ex tremely rare in the department of the Seine, the last case observed dating back to the year 1905. Doctor Marte says this good state of things has been brought about by the law for killing not only every mad dog, but also for killing every dog any mad dog may have bitten or played with But since this law cannot work out

terminate all stray dogs. His Probable Fate.

to perfection the French also ex

"Waal, some ways I'd like to aw some ways I guess I wouldn't," said honest Farmer Bentover , when the suave dispenser of encyclopedias had paused in his siren song. "Ye see, if was to sign for that 'ere cyclopedet n forty-seven parts, includin' the index an' appendicitis, I'm sorter afraid I'd hev to work so hard to pay for it thet I'd be too tired to enjoy readin it; while if I read it at my leesure as I'd ort to, in order to git the good of it, I wouldn't hev time to earn the So, all things considered guess I'll hev to deny myself the priv flege, as it were Looks sorter like rain off to the northwest, don't it?"

Fine Winter Vegetable. We are only just now beginning to have skirrets to our market. This vegetable is an Asiatic one, being a favorite in Europe and especially in Paris for 25 years, and has tuberous clustered roots, very white and sweet and when served with butter they an delicious It is a most desirable wis

For Late Summer



ORESHADOWING already what in the trimmed models pictured here. we may expect for the coming fall season, the hats for late summer indicate that we shall have many bonnet-like shapes, tall crowns and large bats few in number as compared to small and medium-sized models. Outing hats for July and August are of felt in white or light colors, such as Alice blue, champagne and the season's beautiful pink tones. These are either all felt or felt and hemp combinations and are trimmed with scarfs, bands, soft draperies of chiffon and wings or ribbon. They are exquisite and, it must be confessed, fragile in the matter of keep ing clean. But they remain presentable for some time and are cleaned with fine sandpaper. Everywhere the floating white veil accompanies these cool-looking creations of the milliner. The veils are of lace, in several varieties, in coarse silk nets and in chiffon. They are all washable and add immensely to the attractiveness of the hats and the complexion, for cluster of upstanding plumes at the they are worn either over or off the

AFTERNOON DRESS.

Peacock blue Irish poplin is chose

for our model. The plain skirt has

a row of satin-covered buttons sew

part way up the seam at right side of

The bodice has a yoke of white

tucked ninon over peacock blue; a

braided or fancy silk waistcoat sur-rounds the yoke. The sides are of

material; they are carried down over

th top of sleeves, which have fancy

Hat of peacock blue straw with

puffed crown of ninon to match, and

Materials required 41/2 yards por

tin 42 inches wide, 1/4 yard tucked ninon, 1/4 yard silk 20 inches wide.

Apron Pockets.

Sew the pecket of your apron o

the inside, a little in from the right

hand edge. Nothing will drop from it then, it will stay clean and a great

deal can be carried in it without

showing any ugly fullness.

trimmed below by a wreath of pale

cuffs edged with ninon frills.

pink roses.

One of the cone-shaped hats, of which we may expect to see numbers during the fall season, is shown in the illustration. It is trimmed with a full ruche of silk "pinked" at the edges and laid in quadruple box-plaitings. Velvet fruit, like plums, cher ries or even apricots, set in these ruchings make a trimming chic and striking. Velvet fruit, in fact, is developing so much popularity that it will probably stay with us and add a charming note to winter millinery, and hats made of felt in the shape pictured here are quite like to be trimmed in the same way.

A model of black hemp, with a moderately tall crown, is also shown. It is calculated to pave the way for extremely high-crowned models, or crowns trimmed extremely high, which Paris says, are to be a vogue for winter. This soft-crowned model makes use of the feather band about the brim edge and is finished with a back. An ornament made of plaited rispon finishes the trim, poised on the

More pretentious millinery is shown crown at the right side.

TO PREVENT SAGGING SKIRTS

Have Garment Properly Prepared Before It is Turned Up to Be Hemmed

Summer dress skirts when made of hin material will always sag after they are hemmed and finished if care curious predictions in the entire Bible. is not taken to prevent it. A good way He declared that King Zedekiah to do is to have the skirt sagged first before it is turned up to be hemmed.

This is done after the skirt is completely finished excepting the hem, from the band to the final fitting and the last hook and eye is in its place. The skirt is now hung in a closet or, better still, put upon a full-length dress form raised from the floor by placing it on a box, and the bias por tions of the gores weighted so they will stretch to the fullest extent

After several days of this strain the material will have sagged to its fullest extent, and the hem may be meas ured and turned up. Anything will do for weighing. The smallest weights from the kitchen scales, put in temporary coverings of muslin and pinned on, are excellent. Any other small objects of uniform heaviness will do for other weights.

A Curlous Fashion.

The latest models in skirts or in costumes with attached skirts and waists show the skirt decidedly shorter in front than at the back, a difference which, in the walking length, is very noticeable. Even ballroom gowns are cut on the same lines.

"Shows the embroidery on the front of her socks and hides the darns in the heels," said a male critic of one of these gowns, and his cruel remark accurately describes the style

Why such an untidy fashion should have come from Paris at a season when all the crudeness of spring has usually been eliminated from its garments is a puzzle, but here it is, nevertheless, and many frocks that would otherwise have been graceful have been marred by it.

Sashes.

One of the greatest aids in varying the white summer gowns is the use of the sash, which is the style as much as ever. The velvet tash of the winter is

superseded by the pastel colored moires and the lighter chiffon ruches, black in color, as an edging, this fin-ished with black chenille fringe and llowers of the same at the ends, some being decorated with wreaths of gold roses at the ends in place of the other decoration.

These are some of the newer fan cies that seem at once to become pop-ular, as they are shown in some of the most exclusive shops.

#### **Judah Carried** Captive to Babylon mday School Lesson for Aug. 27, 1911

Specially Arranged for This Paper

LESSON TEXT.—Jeremiah 39.

MEMORY VERSES, 9, 10.

GOLDEN TEXT.—'Be sure your sin will find you out."—Num. 32:23.

TIME.—B. C. 588, July. The lith year of Zedekiah, the 9th day of the 4th month.

PLACE.—Jerusalem. Also the surrounding country. Nebuchadnezzar was at Riblah in Hamath in northern Syria. The captives were taken to Babylonia.

The Route of the captives was not directly east through the desert, but northward through Syria to the Euphrates, thence southeast down the river to Babylonia.

PROPHETS.—Jeremiah in Judah and

Babylonia.
PROPHETS.—Jeremiah in Judah and
Egypt. Ezekiel on the river Chebar, "The
grand canal," southeast of the city of
Babylon. Daniel in Babylon.

Nebuchadnezzar was a great general in 605, in his first seige of Jerusalem, and became sole emperor B. C. 604. He made Babylon glorious during his reign of 43 years. He was in his 18th year when he began this siege.

Jerusalem was at this time a city of 20,000 inhabitants. Against the huge engines of Asiatic warfare the besieged citizens constructed counterengines; and the struggle was worthy of the occasion-a combat or duel not only of courage, but of skill and intelligence, between Babylon and Jerusalem. Houses were demolished, that new walls might be built of their materials, inside each spot weakened by the battering-rams.

The ramparts were vigorously defended by archers and slingers, equal in bravery to those of the Chaldeans. The rams were caught, when possible, by doubled chains or ropes to weaken their blows, or, if it might be, to capsize them. Lighted torches and firebrands were thrown on their roofs and on those of the catapults, to set them on fire. The gates of the town were zealously defended against the efforts of the memy to burst them open or to burn them.

At last the.e was no food for the people, and famine prevailed.

The houses were full of the sick and wounded: bloody fights between contending parties, as to surrendering or holding out, crowded the streets with fresh horrors; the roar of the slege night and day filled the air. A breach was made in the city, at midnight. The princes of the king of Babylon came in, the generals and high officials. Nebuchpezzar himself was at Riblah in Hamath and the Chaldeans burned the king's house, and the houses of the people, with fire, and brake down the walls of Jerusalem.

The king of the Chaldees slew their young men with the sword in the house of their sanctuary, and had no compassion upon young man or maiden, old man, or him that stooped for age; he gave them all into his hand. And they burnt the house of God. They slew the sons of Zedekiah be-

fore his eyes, so that the last things his eyes ever saw, a perpetual memory, were the agonies of his sons, and of his friends, all the nobles of Judah. They put out Zedekiah's eyes. He would have no more opportunities of conspiring against his rulers.

God spoke by the tongue of Ezekiel one of the most mysterious and most should there live and there die, and yet he should never see the city. So singuuar is this record that we must read the verses just as he wrote them out. Now put with this a parallel passage. Jeremiah was thrown into prison by his monarch. While there under bonds, he in like manner predicted the downfall of Jerusalem; and he said that Zedekiah should speak with Nebuchadnezzar mouth to mouth, and see his eyes. The history we have just considered shows how these prophecies were fulfilled and the captives carried to Babylon.

The way of Transgressors is the choice of those who walk in it. God, good men, angels, laws, all are against any man's walking therein. The way of transgressors is hard indeed, be cause of the awful punishment at the end of the way. Like the human victim selected for sacrifice by the Aztecs, who for weeks was feasted and honored, but who knew all the time what the end was to be. So the sinful know that the end of their way is death, and the consciousness of this throws a shadow over all the life before. The ruin from sin is an awful tragedy; but whenever sin goes un-punished the sin increases. Murders have greatly increased in this country, where the majority of murderers go unpunished. The way of transgressors is very

hard, not only on account of the punishment at the end, but because so many barriers must be broken down and restraining influences must be overcome in order to go on in sin-the love of God, the conscience and moral nature, the word of God, the Holy Spirit, the sense of honor, God's goodness, early training, the influences of There is nothing God wants so much

as to save men from the way of transgressors, into the kingdom of heaven This is not merely New Testament teaching, but Old Testament teaching. Witness Isaiah, and Jeremiah, and Ezekiel. Listen to Hosea's message from God, expressions of God's lovingkindness and unwearied yearning over the people, like the father in the parable of the prodigal son. The father exclaims in infinite pity, "How can I give thee up, Eph-aim?" I make thee as Admah?" desolate ruin. "I will heal their b ding, I will love them freely."



#### MAKING GOOD CIDER VINEGAR

Process is Simple and Involves Very Little Work-Cleanliness is First Important Factor.

(By S. M. MILLER.)

There are many apple orchards, especialty those that have never been sprayed or cultivated, in which large quantities ( apples are allowed to go to waste every year.

Such fruit makes a good grade of older vinegar, and a handsome profit can be made to utilizing it in this way. Even if one sprays and cultivates the

orchard regularly each season and does everything possible to prevent having anything but marketable fruit there will always be a good many

However, do not allow these unmerchantable apples to go to waste. Make elder vinegar from them and get a good price for the product right here Making eider vinegar is very simple.

There is practically no labor attached to it other than extracting the juice from the apples. Perfect cleanliness first, last and all

the time is a matter of vital importance. Apples that are picked up from the ground are usually dirty and should be thoroughly washed before being placed in the cider mill. The mill and all utensils used in the

unclean fruit or unclean vessels simply invites bad fermentation. If all sorts of germs which are found

making must be kept well cleaned if

the cider a good quality of vinegar must not be expected. Where one has no mill the fruit can be pulped by band with wooden mauls

wooden trough, and where only a sufficient quantity of vinegar is wanted for home use it is not a difficult matter to secure it in this way. The best receptacles in which to

put the clder are molasses kegs or barrels, preferably those which have held vinegar previously, since fermen tation commences sooner when the fermenting organism is present than when it must find its way into the liquid from outside mediums.

To made a good grade of vinegar two factors are essential during the process of fermentation. First, the air most have free access to the liquid to support the organism. Second the temperature must be favorable for the growth of the fermenting agent.

The barrels or kegs should be placed in a room where the temperature will be fairly constant at 70 to 75 degrees, placed on their sides in order to give more surface to the atmosphere, and fifled with the juice to within six inches to eight inches of the bungl

#### HANDY LITTLE GRAPE PICKER

Device Is Artificial Thumb Nail, Held on By Means of Plate and Makes Picking Simple.

The thimble device shown in the illustration is in reality an artificial said actually to transmute the lifethumb nail with which to pinch



bunches of grapes from the vine. It is secured to the thumb by means of a plate and strap, and makes picking simple and quick.

#### KEEP THE LAWN BEAUTIFUL and if properly taken care of will pay

Rake All Moss Out and Cut Dandelions and Plantain Well Below Crowns-Plant Borders.

Go over the lawn and if you find moss rake it out. Cut well below the crowns of dandellons and plantain. If possible top dress the lawn with leaf too good. mold or thoroughly rotten straw or

The continuous flowering border recommends itself to the busy housewife who wants a lot of flowers and who has but little time to give to them. Prepare a border two or two and onehalf feet wide and spade it two feet deep, enriching it with well-rotted manure. Into this border plant all sorts of annuals, perennials and bulbs, pacing the tall growing ones in the back row and the short ones along the edge of the border. As the years fence corners and out of the way pass the border will grow in beauty and bloom ten months in the year-

#### USEFUL LOW-WHEEL WAGON

fas Been Found Practically Indispen sable for Various Jobs Around Farm Every Day In Year.

Every farmer knows that there are imberless small jobs about the place that require the use of a wagon where the bea will be close to the ground so as to make the lift as short as pos sible.

That need has been met with the ow-wheel wagon and has made it practically indispensable for gathering. apples, and hauling basket fruit, fodder, manure, hay and grain, clearing the fields of stones and stumps and carrying tools and timper for fixing up fences, or any odd job, say, like hauling away a fallen tree.

Then there is nothing that fills the bill better for all kinds of work in the corn fields. There is no earthly reason why a man should lift the corn as high as his shoulder when the low wagon will permit him to perform the



Low Broad-Tired Wagon.

labor in the same amount of time, to say nothing of the wear and tear on a man's back and body.

Almost every year a farmer buys some implement that he can use only during one season of the year-perhaps only a few days; but the low wheel wagon is something that he can use every day in the year.

The broad tires make the draft lighter, and that means saving the team. Of course for certain kinds of road use there will always be a de mand for the narrow tire wheels, but on a smooth surface and particularly where the ground is soft the pull on the team is decreased 25 per cent to 50 per cent for the simple reason that a good product is to be made. To use the broad tires do not sink into the ground; the wider bearing surface of the tire distributes the load in such a manner as to buoy the wagon up on dirty and decayed fruit are put in and keep it on top of the ground.

Especially on plowed ground or very muddy roads these wheels do not mire like the ordinary wheels, which of course makes the saving on the horses even greater.

#### FRUIT TURNED INTO METAL

Scientist Has Secret Process By Which Flowers and Fruit Are Converted Into Solid Mass.

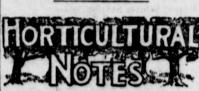
By means of a secret process, Prof. L. G. Delamothe, a European scientist, is said to convert flowers, fruit and



Grapes Turned Into Metal.

even animal tissue into metal, says Popular Mechanics. He does not deposit a thin layer of metal upon the surface, as in electroplating, but i grown material into dead metal.

The bunch of grapes shown in the flustration was so converted, the grapes and leaves having all their natural tints in the metal. The treatment is accomplished by an electrical



It is good practice to graft plums on peach stock. A spraying of the currant and other small fruit bushes will help.

Fruit should never be offered for ale that is exposed to flies. An orchard neglected for one year virtually puts it back three years. If the rabbits have gnawed only the outer bark, wrap the wound with cloth.

If your orchard produces poor fruit you may be sure there is a reason and you ought to find it. Grape vines make a beautiful arbor,

their way every year in fruit. Do not be stingy of water for the plants. Soak them plenty once or

twice a week, and don't dribble once It is a great mistake to pick out the poorest soil on the place on which to

plant the orchard. The best is none If a man sells fruit of which he is ashamed then he should throw away

his stencil and conceal all evidence of his ownership. The flowers will require close attention now to keep them tidy. Pick off all the seed pods and dead leaves and

keep after the weeds. Lemon and orange growers have learned that it is best to wash and wipe them before packing to prevent the spread of rot fungi.

The reason fruit trees planted in places do not thrive generally may be found in the fact that they are not cultivated.

### **OUR GROSBEAKS AND THEIR GREAT VALUE TO AGRICULTURE**

Majority of the Little Finches Are Good Friends of the Farmer and Deserve to Be Widely Known in Order That Their Services May be Fully Appreciated
— Destroy Many Insects.



Black-headed and rose-breasted grosbeaks. (Upper figure, black-headed grosbeaks, male and female; lower figure, rose-breasted grosbeaks, male and female.)

Survey, United States Department

of Agriculture.). Seven kinds of finches, commonly known as grosbeaks, summer within of black olive scales, one quart of flowour boundaries. The majority of these our boundaries. The majority of these er beetles, besides a generous quan-are good friends of the farmer, and detity of coddling moth pupae and canserve to be widely known in order that their services may be appreciated. these pests that the necessity for The grosbeaks are easily distinguished from other finches by their stout form, of its injury to fruit is preventbright plumage, massive bills, and able. melodious voices. Two of them live mainly in cold mountainous areas, and having little to do with farms or with the insects that prey on crops, may be dismissed without further notice. The other five live largely in agricultural regions and secure most of their food about cultivated lands. All of them feed to some extent upon crops, uable service in destroying certain of our worst insect pests.

mountains of Tennessee north to New protected by law in practically every foundland and the Great Slave lake state, but, since the machinery for region. It eats some green peas, and the enforcement of the law is often inboth by budding and by eating the supplemented by individual action, parfruit. Our investigations lend no support to the latter accusation, and, although the birds eat peas, they invariably consume enough injurious insects to more than offset the damage.

The rosebreast has long been held beetle, and the name potato-bug bird suggests its important services in this direction. Larvae, as well as adult beetles, are consumed, and a great many are fed to nestlings. No cat. less than a tenth of the total food of the rosebreast examined consists of potato beetles-evidence that the bird is one of the most important enemies of the pest. Its services in devouring other exceedingly harmful insects are carcely less valuable. It vigorously he scale insects. It proved an acttive enemy of the Rocky Mountain locust during that insect's ruinous in rasion, and among the other pests it consumes are the spring and fall cankerworms, orchard and forest tent caterpillars, tussock, gipsy, and browntail moths, plum curculio, army worm and chinch bug. In fact, not one of our birds has a better record. The rose breast attacks the worst enemies of agriculture, making them its favorite prey, and time after time it has ren dered valuable aid in checking their destructive infestations.

The black-headed grosbeak ranges from Southern Mexico to British Columbia, North Dakota, and Nebraska t fills the same place in the west that the rosebreast does in the east, and economically is fully as important. In parts of its range it is destructive to early fruit and attacks also green peas and beans. However, since by proper precautions such losses may be minimized or altogether prevented, they should not be given too much weight in estimating the value of the bird. Instead of being regarded as an enemy by western orchardists, the blackhead should be esteemed as a friend, since it is a foe to the worst pests of horticulture—the scale insects—which compose a fourth of its gain in hogs as alfalfa and corn. food. The black olive scale alone constitutes a fifth of the bird's subsist ence, and the frosted scale and apricot scale, or European fruit Lecanium, also are destroyed. In May consider able numbers of cankerworms and codling moths are eaten, and almost a sixth of the bird's seasonal food con- ed to the flock by buying stock rams sists of flower beetles, which do incalculable damage to cultivated flowers ers.

By W. T. M'ATEE, Assistant, Biological and to ripe fruit. For each quart of fruit consumed by the black-headed gosbeak it destroys in actual bulk more than one and a half quarts kerworms. So effectively does it fight its preservation is obvious, while most

A permanent drinking and bathing place on the farm and in the garden is to be numbered among the most potent attractions for birds, and with a little ingenuity one can be prepared in almost any locality. Winter feeding erves to attract the cardinal, which relishes corn, sunflower, and other seed, and takes kindly even to table scraps, but only one does appreciable harm. If particular premises prove congenial On the other hand, all perform invalas a winter home, the bird is likely to If particular premises prove congenial prefer them in summer.

No effort to attract the grosbeaks The rosebreast has an extensive will succeed, however, unless protecrange, breeding in Kansas and the tion is assured. Grosbeaks are already ticularly under the trespass laws. Such action has long been taken in behalf of game birds, and the wise landholder will take equal precautions to preserve the smaller insectivorous species which he is so fortunate as to in high esteem because of its habit of have as tenants. Shooting and nest preying upon the Colorado potato robbing must, of course, be barred. Squirrels, when allowed to become too numerous, destroy many eggs and young, but in the settled districts the worst enemy of birds is the prowling

Present investigations prove that the services of grosbeaks in destroying insect pests are invaluable. Each kind pays special attention to certain pests which if unchecked would cause enorto be credited with more good and attacks cucumber beetles and many of with fewer evil deeds than the grosbeaks, and none more clearly deserve protection by the practical farmer.

### **ALFALFA LAYS** ON MOST FAT

What Kind of Forage Will Produce Largest Amount of Weight in Hogs Is Difficult

(By J. R. WAGGONER.) A Kentucky farmer who keeps about 100 hogs on his farm every year asks What kind of forage will produce the most fat?'

This is rather a difficult question and will depend upon the time of year and quality of forage, but when considered from a fat producing standpoint, we would feel safe in making the assertion that cow peas would give the best results for producing fat, but if we were asked what was

the best forage we would say alfalfa The whole question depends upon the locality, but with any kind of hog pasture it will pay to feed some grain feed to harden the meat and give it a more desirable flavor. There is nothing that will produce as rapid

Castrate the Grade Eucks.

The grade buck lambs should be castrated early in the season. Only lambs of pure blood and superior quality should be saved for breeding purposes. New blood should be add of pure blood from repetable breed

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-the art of correct speech and letter-writing; Ethics-the science of right and wrong; History-necessary for politics, law and general intelligence; Botany-necessary for the doctor and interesting to every lady; Physicsthe science of machinery; Drawing, Bookkeeping, etc., etc. Do you wish to prepare to enter College? Start in the

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#### Berea College

The College itself stands apart from all the other schools under its management and has long maintained the highest standards known in the South To conform to the Carnegie standards we have diminished our former requirements! Required and elective studies with opportunity to concentrate in particular lines. Largest college library in Kentucky. Laboratories equipped for student practice. Courses leading to the degrees of A. B., B.

MUSIC (Singing Free). Reed Organ, Voice Culture, Plano, Theory, Band, may be taken for special fees in connection with work in any of the above schools.

#### **Questions Answered**

Berea, Friend of Working Students. Berea College, with its affiliated schools, is not a money-making institution. It requires certain fees, but it expends many thousands of dollars each year for the benefit of its students, giving highest advantages at lowest cost, and arranging for students to earn and save in every way.

OUR SCHOOL IS LIKE A FAMILY, with careful regulations to protect the character and reputation of the young people. Our students come from the best families and are earnest to do well and improve. For any who may be sick the College provides doctor and nurse without extra charge.

All except those with parents in Berea live in College buildings, and assist in work of boarding hall, farm and shops, receiving valuable training, and getting pay according to the value of their labor. Except in winter it is expected that all will have a chance to earn a part of their expenses. Write to the Secretary before coming to secure employment.

PERSONAL EXPENSES for clothing, laundry, postage, books, etc., vary with different people. Berea favors plain clothing. Our climate is the best, but as students must attend classes regardless of the weather, warm wraps and underclothing, umbrellas and overshoes are necessary. The Co-operative Store furnishes books, toilet articles, work uniforms, umbrellas and

LIVING EXPENSES are really below cost. The College asks no reat for the fine buildings in which students live, charging only enough room rent to pay for cleaning, repairs, fuel, lights, and washing of bedding and towels. For table board, without coffee or extras, \$1.35 a week, in the fall, and \$1.50 in winter. For furnished room, with fuel, lights, washing of bedding, 40 to 60 cents for each person.

SCHOOL FEES are two. First a "Dollar Deposit," as guarantee for return of room key, library books, etc. This is paid but once, and is returned when the student departs.

Second an "Incidental Fee" to help on expenses for care of school buildings, hospital, library, etc. (Students pay nothing for tuition or services of teachers all our instruction is a free gift). The Incidental Fee for most students is \$5.00 a term, \$6.00 in Academy and Normal, and \$7.00 in Colle-

PAYMENT MUST BE IN ADVANCE, incidental fee and room rent by the term, board by the half term. Installments are as follows:

Vocational and Foundation Academy \$ 7,00 7,00 9,45 FALL TERM-School. and Normal. Incidental Fee ..... \$ 5.00 \$ 6.00 Room ..... 5.60 7.00 9.45 Board, 7 weeks ..... 9.45 Amount due Sept. 13, 1911..... \$20.05 Board 7 weeks, due Nov. 1, 1911..... 9.45 9.45 9.45 \$32,90 \$32,90 \$31.90 \$31.40 If paid in advance..... \$29.00 WINTER TERM-\$ 6.00 Incidental Fee ..... \$ 5.00 Room ..... 6.00 9,00 Ard, 6 weeks ...... 9.00 9.00 Amount due Jan. 3, 1912..... \$20.00 Board 6 weeks, due Feb. 14, 1912.... 9.00 \$32.26 Total for term......\$29.00 \$31,70 If paid in advance..... \$28.50 \$30.70 \$ 7,00 5.00 \$ 6.00 Incidental Fee ..... \$ 5.00 Room .... 5.00 6.76 6.75 Amount due March 27, 1912...... \$15.75 \$18,75 \$17.75 Board 5 weeks, due May 1, 1912..... 6.75 6,75 Total for term..... \$22.50 \$24.50 \$25.50 If paid in advance..... \$22.00 \$24.00

#### Plan Now, Come September 13th

Any able-bodied young man or young woman can get an education at Berea if there is the will to do so.

It is a great advantage to start in the Fall and have a full year of continuous study. Many young people waste time in the public schools going over and over the same things, when they might be improving much faster by coming to Berea and starting in on new studies with some of the best young men and women from other counties and States.

Make your plans to come September 13th. For information or friendly advice write to the Secretary.

D. Walter Morton, BEREA, KY.

### East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly. 

#### JACKSON COUNTY

PUBLIC SPEAKING

Judge H. C. Faulkner will address the citizens of Jackson County at the Court House in McKee, at 1 o'clock, p. m., Monday, Aug. 21, in the interest of the Republican ticket and platform, with the express view of explaining certain progressive planks in the platform.

#### GREEN HALL.

Green Hall, Aug. 8.-We are still having a drought around Green Hail. -Our school is progressing nicely with have been in this vicinity buying a good attendance.—M. C. Hughes sheep.—Mr. Sidney Caudill has sold and W. H. Flanery, of this place, were in Booneville, Monday, attending county court .- Mr. James O. Robinson is very feeble.-Richard Robinson and family, from Carterville, are visiting here. Richard formerly lived at Green Hall.-Tommy Robinson, the popular shoe drummer, of Burning Springs, stayed over night with W. N. Hughes and sold him a nice bill of shoes.-Mrs. Silas Flanery is very sick at this time.-Mr. James R. Evans made a call on Green Hall folks twice this week .- Martin Cook has contracted a nice lot of wall paper to W. H. Flanery to paper his new houses. - Nancy Hughes and Kate King were the welcome guests of Mrs. Sarah Cook, Monday .- M. C. Hughes and wife attended the funeral service at Royal Oak Church house, Sunday and report that there was a large attendance there.-We had our regular meeting at Cannon's Chapel, Sunday, with Rev. Harvey Johnson as preacher. We also had a baptizing and James Bales was taken into the church.- We have our regular meeting at Rock Springs, Saturday and Sunday, with Mr. George Seale as moderator. We hope to have a nice crowd there.-Miss Mary Mahaffey is visiting her sister Emily Chappell, who lives in Shelby Co.-Mrs. W. N. Hughes is very poorly yet with stomach trouble.-Ed. Strong and wife will move into the Bowles houses on Grassy Branch, soon .- W. H. Flanery is warning the road hands to work the road this week. We hope to have a much better road through by Green Hall .- M. T. Robinson and A. J. M. Tackett paid Booneville a flying visit, Saturday, and returned with a load of brick.-Robt. L. Hughes, of Green Hall, is thinking of attending school at Berea this year. We hope Robt. will go as he is a bright boy and Berea is a fine school.-John Whittaker and family are coming back from Stanton, Ky., to their old home near Green Hall .- The Rev. C. S. Wyatt and Robt. Whittaker and wife are attending the camp meeting at Win-

#### chester, Ky., this week. HURLEY

Hurley, Aug. 12.—Several from this place attended the funeral of Oscar Brumback at Birch Lick, Sunday .-Mr. and Mrs. James Gabbard have returned to their home at Tuscola, Ill. -Mr. Joe Callahan, of Double Lick, visited his father, Mr. Robt. Callahan, of this place, last week .- Married, Aug. 10th. Mr. Elihu Hurley of this place to Miss Lavina Wilson at Middlefork. May their lives be long and prosperous.-Messrs. Pal Gabbard and John and Chris Roberts found a bee tree, Wednesday.-Corn crops are very good in this' part of the country .- R. B. Anderson is in Clay County driving a team for Wiley of their daughter for some time. Roberts.-Miss Laura Howard is staying with her sister, Mrs. Martha Gabbard .- Mr. E. D. Gabbard and son, George, went to Berea, Tuesday .-Grover Gabbard's children are very low with whooping cough.-The Rev. George Edwards preached at the Bantist church, Sunday night.

#### TYNER

Tyner, Aug. 12.-The people of this vicinity are experiencing the worst drought for years. Corn and other growing crops are burning up, and fallen all around us but the shower farmers are watering their stock from on Tuesday is the only one we have wells .- Sheep trade is dull. Good fat weathers are only bringing \$2.00 per head.-Little Jakie, the 6-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Miller, has been It had 15 rattles.-Grant York has seriously ill, but is slowly improving. -Mr Wilson Chappell set fire to some brush, Thursday, and burned 100 panels of fence.-Mr. Jess Moore had a mule last week .- Mr. Harry Moore has gone to Waco for a load of stone ware.-Messers. Roy and Clay Moore have gone to Louisville, where they expect to secure employment.-The wheat and oats of this vicinity were threshed the past week. W. J. Jones had the best crop, 375 bushels .-Several from this vicinity will attend the funeral of E. T. Evans, at Twin Branch, Sunday .- M. F. Goodman has returned from Hamilton, O .- J. H. Jones is away on a two weeks drumming trip to the mountains.-Our school is progressing nicely with 59

cently.

OWSLEY COUNTY

TRAVELERS REST.

Travelers' Rest, Aug. 10 .- W. W.

Wilson is back at the old stand ready

to serve his customers again.-The

of Mrs. W. T. Cecil, last week .- Gra-

cle Botner has just returned from a

er and Morton from Clark County

his farm to Mrs. Isaac Botner and

LAUREL COUNTY

Viva. Aug. 11.-Henry C. Cloyd was

hit in the head and seriously hurt,

Aug. 4 by Frank Rooney, Sr., who es-

caped without being arrested .- Win.

Jones, of this place, was very badly

burned while at work in a mine, Aug.

11, A spark of fire fell from his

miner's lamp into a keg of powder

which exploded. The doctor thinks

ne will recover .-- Mr. J. A. Fanning,

of East Bernstadt, died Aug. 6. He

was buried at the Landrum grave-

yard by the K. P. Lodge. At his re-

quest his four little children will be

sent to the K. P. orphan home.-Mrs.

Betty Griffin and three little daught-

ers, of Livingston, and her father, Mr.

Gentry, of Hazel Patch, have been

visiting the family of Tom Gentry,

this week .- Miss Emma Jones, of Mil-

dred, Ky., is visiting her sister, Mrs.

Mattie Newman, and will attend the

London fair before she returns.-Ev-

erybody was glad to see the good rain

that fell Aug. 12, for it was badly

needed.-Born to the wife of Elija

Miller, Aug. 9, a fine boy.-T. C.

Jones has leased his mines to John

Centers for one year .- Ties, staves,

lumber and tan bark haulers are do-

ing a big business. There are about

135 wagons at this switch daily .-

Rollie Beatty, operator at Wild-cat

mine, had a mule to get a leg brok-

en this week.-Miss Etta Jones is vis-

iting friends and relatives at Corbin

MADISON COUNTY

KINGSTON

MADISON CO., Aug. 12.-Mr. Lewis

Sandlin, Jr. of Oneida, Ky., has been

visiting his father and other relatives

of this place for the past week.-Miss

Verna Parks spent last week with

Miss Eva Engle, of Berea .-- Mrs.

Willie Mundy is very sick .- Mr. Sher-

idan Bowman, is visiting at Conway

this week,-Miss Nellie Lawson and

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Moody, Monday .-

Mr. Chester Parks, of Berea, spent

Thursday night with his parents .-

Mrs. Geo. Sparks, of Dreyfus, is visit-

ing relatives at this place,-Miss Nel-

lie Lawson, who has been attending

school at St. Paul, Ind., for the past

ten months returned home. Friday .--

Mrs. John Powell spent Wednesday

with her daughter, Mrs. Roy Hudson,

of Dreyfus.-Miss Jessie Young was

shopping in Berea, Wednesday .- Mr.

and Mrs. L. C. Powell, of Big Hill,

were the guests of the former's par-

ents, Sunday and Monday.-Died on

the 5th, Mr. Paul Venable, from the

effects of consumption.-Mr. and Mrs.

J. W. Bales left, Thursday, for New

York where they will be the guests

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY

CLIMAX

the country is dry and crops are

Cummings, who has been sick with

fever for some time, is getting some

better.-Mr. Wash McGuire and wife

have a very sick baby.-Barlow Clark

made a business trip to Berea last

Thursday.-We have a gipsy camp in

our town at present.-Good rains have

had since the first of July.-Walter

Baker killed a very large rattle snake

finished his new cellar but will not

need it this year as the dry weather

has cut the vegetable crop short .-

Mr. S. L. Rose made a business trip

to McKee recently .- Jas. Wolf was at

Disputanta, Friday, to have his wag-

on repaired.-Isaac Rector and son,

McKinley were at Berea, Kirksville

and Paint Lick visiting relatives last

week from Saturday till Monday.-

Our school is progressing nicely at

Climax with about 70 in attendance.

Miss Maggie Dooley is the teacher .--

McKinley Rector, aged 13, returned

from school, Friday, very sick but

with the aid of Dr. R. H. Lewis he is

recovering rapidly.—Grant York is

suffering badly from an inflamed

hand. It was caused by a scratch

and is very near blood poison.

near Grant York's a few days ago.

Wm.

Climax, Aug. 13.—This section

needing rain very badly .- Mr.

and Flat Lick, Ky.

will move to Powell County.

#### "WOULD DO IT AGAIN" [Continued from first page]

harvested, the stock cared for and the

chores done and he is the logical and the cheapest hand. .

But there is one reason that is of more importance than all others combined. Many of our young people have not been convinced that an edu-Owsley Co. Teachers' Institute will convene at Booneville next week, Aug. cation will pay. If they were con-14 to 19 and the best in Owsley's his- vinced of this fact all the obstacles of age, position, and poverty, would sink tory is expected .- Mrs. Abby Brandeninto insignificance. They look about burg, of Springfield, O., was the guest them and see that most of their neighbors have not been to college visit to Powell County.-Messrs. Wild- and they are living fairly well. This seems to them to be a good argument against an education. But they forget that these men got started in life 40 years ago when it was easier to start without education. That is past. The men who will make good in the future are going to be edu-

Again they ask, "How about the man who is drawing 40 dollars per month and has a promise of a raise to \$50?" The employer could easily answer that. He knows that as a

-Mr. Nathan Clark from White cation as we would buying a new suit Hall is visiting his brother, Mr. Bar- or taking a trip to Europe. They add low Clark .- The boys are working out to our comfort and pleasure but an our roads now so the people will have education adds to our power as well a better chance to travel.-Grant as to our comfort and pleasure.

York traded for a fine saddle mare re Suppose a man in an uninhabited country, with no weapons, but surrounded with an abundance of game. Let him meet a hunter carrying a gun and a deer. He is hungry. The hunter offers each of them to him for the same price. Which would he take? Most people would take the deer and are doing it every day. The deer furnishes a feast for the moment but the gun would be the means of putting all the resources of the forest in their possession. With it they could obtain a thousand deer and the gun would be more valuable than at first because they have learned how to use it.

Yes, education pays, pays in dollars and cents and in moral and spiritual power as well.

Berea College stands for an education which is power and which will make young men and young women more powerful. It offers this at small cost to overcome the difficulties of a lack of funds.

#### **NEWS OF THE WEEK**

VETOES STATEHOOD BILL In a vigorous message, Tuesday, the List of Prizes and Their Winners-

President vetoed the Bill providing machine a man may be worth \$50 to for the admission of Arizona and New him, but he will not be the man who Mexico. His only objection is the will get the \$100 position when one is clause in the Arizona constitution open. Fifty dollars per month is a providing for the recall of Judges, good price for muscle but \$100 per which, he said, would force all Judge

#### OLD MAN SUMMERS' BOY.

When Old Man Summers' oldest boy he went away to school, Most of us 'lowed, and said so, too, old Summers was a fool. We had a High School that was teached by Hennery Clay McKim, An' what was good enough for us was good enough for him. But any way, that boy got back an' went right straight to work, He dug right in his pa's old store just like he was a clerk. He weighed out beans and lard and bran, and then fust thing we

He had a great big winder built, that stuck out in the road. An' then he got a pot of paint, an' painted up the shack; He cl'ared up all about the place-not jest in front, but back. He fixed the canned goods on the shelves, and had 'em scrub the

An' put some busted winders in, an' pannels in th' door. An' bless my soul, fust thing we knowed-it made some of 'em

Most everybody in th' town wuz tradin' at thet store; It looked so spick-span, new an' clean, an' if you asked fer things They didn't keep, they sent t' town an' fetched 'em out, b' jings! An' it was all thet boy of his, an' when the old sign read-" - & Son," we jest shook hands with Sum' an' took back what we said.

-Dallas (Texas) News.

month is a small price for brains.

What every young man wants is power-power to direct and to conyears he will gain more power than would not have expired till 1913. Owmother, of Mote, were the guests of he can possibly get in any other way. ing to poor health he resigned the He is not convinced that he could position of Pres't pro. tem. of the Mrs. N make a success as a lawyer, teacher, Senate at the beginning of the extra or business man at the end of a college course. He thinks that by that time all the good positions will be

would do it again. We should not view getting an edu- voted upon by the people.

to serve under "legalized terrorism." SENATOR FRYE DEAD

Maine's senior Senator William P session. He will be succeeded by a Democrat.

COMMONS WIN

By a vote of 131 to 114 last week A young man at the end of his the House of Lords in the English sophomore year in college was offered Parliament agreed not to amend the \$900 per year if he would accept the Commons' Veto Bill. The measure principalship of one of our high has been the one great issue before schools. He was tempted to accept, the English public for two years. By but one of his friends suggested that this vote, the question is settled, the if he could earn \$900 per year when Lords asquiescing in their elimina a sophomore he would command a tion in matters of legislation. The much better salary if he finished col- Lords can no longer veto a measure lege. He struggled through and instituted by the Commons, and only have the power to hold it up till it is



BEREA HOSPITAL

#### **HEALTH OF STUDENTS**

Berea guards the health of its stu- sician. dents most carefully, and the problem of keeping them in the best condition has received painstaking attention and preliminary examination, including a thought. The Department of Hygiene test of the hearing and vision. includes the college physician, a man When students get sick they are with twenty-five beds, a main building place in which to be sick.

with eleven beds, an operating room which is modern in every particular and the offices of the college phy-

Every student entering Berea receives soon after his entrance a free

specially trained for this particular taken to the hospital, where, for pracwork; the head nurse, who is herself tically no expense, they are cared for a mountain girl, and six apprentice with all the skill and devotion possinurses. The hospital equipment is ble The students who have been most complete, including a home for here one and all agree that, if they nurses, a contagious disease building are going to be sick, Berea is the

#### Garden, Field and Woods Thru New Eyes

A Feature of Berea's Work that Gives New Value to the Home.

fered to give \$1,000,000 for a new will be a whole menagerie. Flowers stomach. No one was able to give it and fruits will be of value for more to him, but if it had been new eyes than their odor or taste, that he wanted he could have been of Berea College.

That, at least, is the business of that Department.

Many boys and girls leave the farm because they are hungry for the varied scenes of the city, not knowing that with a new pair of eyes, such as could be secured by taking a term in Physical Geography, hills and valleys, winds and clouds, rocks and soil would be made to have a thousand interests which they had never had before, interests which are always about us while at work as well as when seeking pleasure.

-We can all see the plants and trees of Nature through well taught Natur about us, but a course in Botany will al Science. make every leaf, bud, and seed a source of interest and wonder. The gray growth on the old fence or tree will be seen as more wonderful than the most exciting. "moving picture

It is said that Mr. Rockefeller of show." The green scum on the pond

A short course in Zoology will do accommodated in the Biology classes the same thing for animal life of every kind, while twenty mornings of Bird-study will introduce one to hundred friends who make every hour

of the day more worth living. For those who cannot take these things separately, and thoroughly, a Nature Study class is offered which aims to give a taste of all in two

How can we keep our young people on the farm and yet give them a chance to develop their minds in the best way and get the highest enjoyment out of life?

A great way, if not the only way, is to open up to them the great field

The aim of the Biological Department of Berea College is to do this rather than to develop a few scientists.

C. D. Lewis.

#### BEREA FAIR

Names not Followed by a Money Prize are Winners of Certificates.

o. Best two lbs. comb honey, Mrs. A. R. Gibbs, Kingston, \$2.50; Mrs. E. H.

Mrs. Green Turley, Richmond.
4. Best loaf salt rising bread, Mrs.

4. Best loaf salt rising bread, H. M. Samuels, Caleast, 100 lbs. flour; Mrs. R. B. Brauchman, Lexington. 5. Best loaf yeast rising bread, Mrs. Bert Coddington, Berea, 100 lbs. flour; Mrs. Fannie Todd, Kingston.
6. Best plate beaten biscuit, Miss

Bessie Miller, Richmond, \$2.50 in mer-chandise; Miss Mary Walker, Kingston. 7. Best quart home made wine, Mrs. T. J. Curtis, Richmond, \$2.50.
8. Best gallon ice cream, Mrs. Joe Gilbert, Berea, \$5.00; Mrs. John McWiller, Berea, Be

9. Best gallon pineapple sherbet, Mrs.

Bert Coddington, Berea.

10. Best glass grape jelly, Mrs. Nannie Johnson, Richmond, \$2.50; Mrs. W. H. Duncan, Berea.

H. Duncan, Berea.

11. Best white cake, Mrs. T. J. Curtis, Richmond, 100 lbs. flour; Miss Nannie Ballard, Richmond. 12. Best sponge cake, Mrs. S. R. Baker, Berea, 100 lbs. flour; Mrs Joe

Gilbert, Berea. Best chocolate cake (chocolate in cake), Mrs. T. J. Curtis, Richmond, \$2.50; Miss Hallie Walker, Kingston.

14. Best fruit cake (fruit in cake), Mrs. T. J. Curtis, Richmond, 200 lbs. flour; Mrs. Mollie Powers, Richmond. 15. Best black cake, Mrs. Kiz Corne-salaries being those of the president lius, Berea, \$5.00; Mrs. Mollie Powers, and of the heads of certain big cor-

Mrs. N. J. Coyle, Berea, \$2.50.

18. Best lady rider, Miss Lizzie
Moore, Berea, \$7.50; Miss Eva Lewis,
the \$18,000, we have \$ Kingston, \$2.50.
19. Best gentleman rider, Mr. Chas.

Dunn, Whites Station, \$7.50; Mr. Edgar Doty, Kingston, \$2.50. 20. Best boy rider, under 15 years, Cecil Dunn, Whites Station, \$5.00; N.

C. Fitzpatrick, Paint Lick, \$2.50. 21. Best girl rider, under 15 years, Miss Mary Powers, Whites Station, \$5.00; Miss Virginia Gibbs, Kingston, \$2.50. 22. Best stallion, mare or gelding, any age, Edgar Doty, Kingston, \$15.00; Bob Walker, Richmond, \$5.00. 23. Best suckling horse colt, P. E. Baldwin, \$10.00; A. R. Gibbs, Kingston,

\$5.00. Best suckling mare colt. Bud Dunn, Whites Station, \$10.00; I. A. Allen, Whites Station, \$5.00.
25. Best suckling horse mule colt,

25. Best suckling horse mule colt, Ester Pepples, \$10.00; Rankin Mason, Richmond, \$5.00. 26. Best suckling mare mule colt, Ester Pepples, \$10.00; Winston Bales,

Kingston, \$5.00. yr. under 2, Chas. Curtis Richmond, \$10.00; J. K. Huston, \$5.00. 28. Best stallion, mare or gelding, 2 close to schools and churchs. Most of

yr. and under 3. John McWilliams, the farm in grass, 15 or 20 acres of Whites Station, \$15.00; Bob Walker,

30. Best stallion, mare or gelding, 4 and over, Edgar Doty, Kingston, \$15.00;

3. Best stallion, mare or glending, don, Ky, which is one of the best business stands in the country. 32. Best stallion, mare or gelding, any age, Dick Dunn, Whites Station, \$20; T. G. Chenault, Richmond, \$10.00;

A. K. Doty, Kingston, \$5.00. 33. Best lady driver, Edith Mason,

37. Best colt, either sex, by Jarvis Jr., Todd Moore, Berea, \$12,00; Leslie Bal-lard, Whites Station season by Jarvis Jr.

38. Best stallion, mare or gelding, 2 yrs. and under 3, Bob Walker, Rich mond, \$10.00; Bob Walker, \$5.00.

39. Best stallion, mare or gelding, 3 yrs. and under 4, Edgar Doty, Kingston, \$15.00; Tob Ellison & Son, Kingston, \$15.00; Tob

ton, \$5.00. 40. Best stallion, mare or gelding. 40. Best stallion, mare or gelding, 4 yrs. and over, Charley Dunn, Whites Station, \$15.00; Bob Walker, Richmond, \$5.00.

41. Best brood mare and colt, A. R. Gibbs, Kingston, \$10.00; Ora Hackett,

42. Best stallion, mare or gelding, any age, Edgar Doty, Kingston, \$20.00; Bob Walker, Richmond, \$5.00.
43. Best stallion, mare or gelding,

any age, Charley Dunn, Whites Station, \$20.00; Bob Walker, Richmond, \$5.00. R. Gibbs, Kingston, \$2.50; Mrs. E. H. Wagers, Berea.

1. Best home made cheese, Miss Halie Walker, Whites Station, \$2.50; Mrs. John McWilliams, Whites Station.

2. Best two lbs. of butter, Mrs. H. K. Richardson, Berea, \$2.50; Mrs. Wm. Arbuckle, Richmond.

3. Best baked ham, Mrs. T. J. Curtis, Richmond, \$5.00 in merchandise; Mrs. Green Turley, Richmond.

White Station, \$10.00.
47. Mule race, two best in three heats,
Roy Dunn, Whites Station, \$10; John

Anderson, Berea, \$5.00. 48. 2:18 Trot or pace, \$200.00, W. C. Gormley, Richmond, 1st. Bob Walker, Richmond, 2nd. Bud White, White Sta-

tion, 3rd. 49. Slow mule race, Dillard Anderson, Berea, \$10; Roy Dunn, Whites Station, Slow mule race, Dillard Anderson,

50. 2.25 Trot or pace, \$150.00 W. C. Gormley, Richmond, 1st. Wm. Luxon, 2nd. Bob Walker, 3rd.

ns, Kingston.

Best gallon pineapple sherbet, Mrs.
J. Curtis, Richmond, \$5.00; Mrs.
W. C. Gormely, Richmond, 1st. Bob Walker Richmond, 2nd. Collins Long, Richmond, 3rd.

#### HOW TO EARN SIO A DAY

(Continued from first page.)

times 300 times 40, which equals \$18-000. This is a very liberal estimate, for many men get less than \$1.50 a day, and few can fill out the 300 days a year for forty years.

But now let us see the value of educated labor. Most educated men are paid by the month or year, the highest salaries being those of the president power—power to direct and to control; power to get a better position. But the trouble is, he is not able to see that if he goes to school for eight see that if he goe 17. Prettiest boy baby, under 18 taking the same length of time, forty months, Mrs. W. P. Wilks, Berea, \$7.50; years, we get \$40,000 as the value of the \$18,000, we have \$22,000 as the

value of education to the worker. It only remains now to find the average number of days those who have become educated have gone to school. In Massachusetts it is seven years of 200 days each. Let us say that it takes four years more to get a good education. That makes eleven years of 200 days each, or 2,200 days. Now, \$22,000 divided by 2,200 gives \$10 a day as the value of each day's schooling.

Ten dollars a day! The boys or girls who realize this will not want to stay out of school and will see that neglecting their lessons will be cheating themselves out of the best thing life offers.

#### FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

My farm of 100 acres, one and one Richmond, \$5.00.

29. Best stallion, mare or gelding, 3
yr. and under 4, Bob Walker, Richmond, \$15.00; Edgar Doty, Kingston, house, barn and other out buildings. good bottom, the rest rolling. Much house, barn and other out buildings. Spring near house. Well watered by springs, creek and pond. In connec-Address,

J. E. Pittman, Dreyfus, Ky.

33. Best lady driver, Edith Mason, Whites Station, \$7.50.

34. Fanciest turnout, Edgar Doty, Kingston, \$10.00; Charley Dunn, Whites Station, \$5.00.

35. Best stallion, mare or gelding, 3 yrs. under 4, Edgar Doty, Kingston, \$15.00; A. R. Gibbs, \$5.00.

36. Best harness pony, Neal Bennett, Richmond, \$10.00; William Burnam, Richmond, \$10.00; William Burnam, Richmond, \$5.00.

37. Best colt, either sex, by larvis lr., 22. Best colt, either sex, by larvis lr., 23. Best colt, either sex, by larvis lr., 24. Best colt, either sex, by larvis lr., 25. take a special interest in Kentucky people. I have been in California ten years, on the farm and thoroughly understand the soil and conditions. If you think of coming to California

Yours truly, H. L. Bishop, Kingsburg, Frense County, Cal.

Liberty and Law. The highest liberty is in harmony with the highest law.—Giles.